The North Adams Transcript.

VOLUME 4. THE NORTH ADAMS EVENING TRANSCRIPT, SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1899 NUMBER 244

If you are
looking for a delicate piece of
CHINA
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CUT GLASS
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Sterling Silver
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HIGLEY
WATCH MAKER AND OPTICIAN
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My Stock...
...OF...
Pie Material
is large in variety and fine in quality.
Silver and dark prunes, light and dark cherries, evaporated peaches, apricots, apples, black and red raspberries, prunelles. None such mince meat and prepared pumpkin. Armours, Heinz and Home made mince meat. Canned blueberries, gallon and 3 lb. apples, squash, pumpkin, boiled cider in bottles and bulk.
Look at my windows please.
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BRAMAN,
Telephone 220. 101 Main Street

WE HAVE A LARGE STOCK OF
PITTSTON COAL
We carry the large stock so delivery can be prompt—no waiting. Coal is dryer in shed and screens easier, so you can be taken care of with good, properly screened coal.
W. C. BAXTER & CO.,
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Glance
at the two large well arranged show windows at 19 Eagle street. It is evidence of a well kept store—neat and clean. Up to date assortment. New lot Jellycon—all flavors. Avail yourselves of the chance to obtain a handsome Souvenir Spoon. Complete line Heinz's Pickles in bulk and bottles just in. Ask and you will receive Lindley's Stamped Eggs, best in the city, Ingalls' Sweet Cream. Fresh, Green Vegetables. Best service at
H. A. Sherman,
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KODAK
New Folding Pocket Kodak, $10.00; Films, 40c. It is a dandy. Eastman make.
NEW KODAK for $2.50. Picture, 3 1-2x3 1-2. Use glass plates. It is all right.
A Full Line of Photographic Supplies.
F. G. Fountain,
Bank Street.

FOR SALE.
Two Lots and a Seven-Room Cottage, situated three minutes walk from the Normal School. Water right to line, cold spring deeded with property. Inquire Room 5, Kimball Block, any evening from 7 to 9 o'clock.

OTIS AND LAWTON.

War Department Anxiously Awaits News from Them.

Extensive Preparations for Philippine Campaign. Lawton Expected To Do Big Things.

EXTENSIVE PREPARATIONS.

Campaign in the Philippines to be Prosecuted at Once. Big Things Expected from Lawton.

Manila, March 11—Extensive preparations are being made for a general advance of the American forces very soon. All is quiet, however, along the line. At daylight the rebels were caught working on an enfilading trench at Caloocan. They were shelled by the battery. There was desultory firing there and also at San Pedro and Macati. The cruiser Charleston relieved the armed transport Buffalo off Parnaque. The last batch of Spanish soldiers, 885 men, except a few in the hospitals embarked on the transport Buenos Ayres today.

Washington, March 11—It is positively denied in the adjutant general's office that any despatch had been received last night from General Otis regarding a conference with General Lawton. It is well understood, however, that General Otis is only awaiting the arrival of the remainder of his reinforcements to inaugurate an active campaign. The war department, according to its officials, is awaiting with quite as much interest as the public some definite news from the Philippines which will show just how General Otis intends to utilize General Lawton and his reinforcements in the campaign against the natives.

It has been quite generally understood, without official confirmation, however, that General Lawton on his arrival would be assigned to active command of operations in the field leaving General Otis more time for administrative duties of the military government. The department avers it has not tied the commanding general's hand with any hard and fast orders, and that instructions sent him have been in general terms. General Lawton's training in Indian fighting has peculiarly fitted him for his present command. One of his numerous Indian sobriquets, literally translated, is "The man who gets up and fights in the middle of the night."

It was his sunrise dash to Sibony that sent the Spanish detachment flying to La Guassimas, leaving its breakfast on the fire for the American troops to eat. The department expects General Lawton to spring a few like surprises on the Filipinos and it is awaiting news from the field campaign with proportionate interest.

THE BEEF INQUIRY.

Examination of Stock Yards Completed and Taking of Testimony Begins.

Chicago, March 11—The army court of inquiry began taking testimony relative to beef today. They have finished examinations of the stock yards. The investigation will be conducted on the following lines: Kind of beef used in preparing roast beef; process of canning; disposition of condemned animals; explanations of contracts from packers. The first witness was Major Fred. A. Smith, chief commissary of the department of the great lakes, who purchased all the supplies for the campaign.

CAPT. ATKINS DEFENDED.

A Danver Woman Speaks Well of Pavonia's Commander.

Danvers, Mass., March 11—Mrs. Alice Graves, one of the second class passengers on the Cunarder Pavonia, reached home taday. She crossed the ocean 12 times, five with Captain Atkins and she says the stories of his cowardice are unfounded. Trifling matters have been greatly exaggerated. No officer could do no more. He was nervous and excited at times, but the captain never lost his self-control and was very kind.

Esterhazy Disowned.

Paris March 11—The old Hungarian family of Esterhazy has decided to apply to the court for an injunction to prevent Major Count Esterhazy using the title and arms of the Esterhazy family.

CHINA MAY YIELD.

A Peremptory Note by Italian Minister Regarding Italy's Demands.

Pekin, March 11—The Italian minister here addressed a note to the foreign office yesterday making a request to take back the Italian dispatch asking for the concession and notifying the foreign office to accept it as a demand, adding it was willing to enter into friendly negotiations as to details but insisted on an answer in four days. The Chinese regard the note in the nature of an ultimatum and will probably yield.

SOLDIER'S WIFE SUICIDES.

Melancholy Because of Her Husband Being Sick in South Carolina Camp.

Avon, Mass., March 11—Mrs. Maria E. Oakes, wife of George W. Oakes, who is a member of the Fifth Massachusetts infantry in camp at Wetherell, S. C., committed suicide this morning by shooting herself through the heart. She had been melancholy since the receipt of a letter from her husband sick in camp.

INSANE VEGETARIAN.

Cuts the Throat of Wife, Children and Himself Because Ordered to Eat Meat.

London, March 11—Graveston Mason has caused a sensation by cutting the throats of his wife, two children and himself this morning. All are dead. The only explanation is that the man was frantic because doctors ordered him to eat meat and he was a vegetarian.

Queen Leaves for France.

London, March 11—Queen Victoria started for the continent today. The sea was calm. The Princess of Wales, Princess Victoria of Wales and Prince Charles of Denmark also left England this morning by way of Dover for Paris where they will spend two days and then go to Marseilles to embark on the royal yacht, Osborne for a mediterranean cruise.

London, March 11—The queen arrived at Boulogne Sur Mer at 3.30 o'clock this afternoon. The weather was superb.

Wire Nail Trust.

Iron, Ohio March 11—A deal is pending whereby the American Steal and Wire company, recently formed, will control the wire and nail product. It will absorb the Belfont iron works company's nail and rolling mill and last furnaces of Ironton, Ashland steel plant. Norton iron works mills and Ashland coal and iron railroad of that place.

Delaware Gas Prohibited.

Boston March 11—By a vote of the governing committee of the Boston, stock exchange the stock of the Bay State Gas Co., of Delaware was dropped today from the the unlisted department and trading on floor with this stock was prohibited. Similar action was taken in the New York exchange. There is $50,000,000 of the stock on the Boston exchange.

Miss Edith Dingley Married.

Lewiston, Maine, March 11—Miss Edith Dingley, daughter of the late Congressman Dingley, and Colonel James C. Hoe of Washington, D. C., were married today at the home of the bride's mother by an elaborate ceremony. Congressman Gaines of Tennessee was best man. The couple will live in Washington at the residence of Mrs. Pheobe Hearts until their New York mansion is completed.

Gold for Cuba.

New York, March 11—Three millions in gold was taken from the sub treasury today and placed aboard the transport Meade for Havana to pay the Cuban army. A squad of 30 picked men of Company B, Thirteenth regulars and police guarded the treasure

THE PAVONIA DOCKED.

Crowds Cheered the Battered Steamship and Women and Children Weep for Joy.

Liverpool, March 11—There was a remarkable demonstration on the arrival of the Pavonia this morning. Great crowds at the dock cheered lustily. The steamer is very badly battered, rails carried away and topmast gone. There was an affecting scene, wives and children of the crew weeping for joy. No reporters were allowed aboard.

The Cunard company, however, denounce the charges of cowardice brought against Captain Atkins and Chief Engineer Duncan by the passengers as wicked, malignant and unfounded and declare that the details of the break down of the Pavonia already known sufficiently refute these charges.

MERRIAM TAKES A STAND.

Meets His Critics by Publishing His Intentions Relative to Political Pull and His Subordinates.

Washington, March 11—Director Merriam of the census of 1900 said today that every applicant for a census position would be rigidly examined and no political influence would be strong enough to put an employe on the census pay roll who is incompetent. If an employe is found to be incompetent on trial he will be discharged regardless of his political backing. The complete number of appointments to be made durinfi the census is about 45,000.

MRS. DRUCE DEFEATED.

Cannot Have Privilege of Opening Druce Family Vault Without Permission of Owner.

Landon, March 11—The secretary of home affairs has refused the application previously granted by the consistory court of St. Paul to Mrs. Maria Druce, who claims to be the daughter-in-law of the fifth duke of Portland to open the Druce family vault at Highgate cemetery, unless the owner gives consent to have the coffin opened or the probate court orders an inspection of the remains. The decision was contrary to expectation and means further litigation.

Jewelery Makers' Strike.

Providence, R. I., March 11—Twenty-four operatives of the Messler company's jewelry factory struck this morning against a reduction of 38 per cent in wages.

FULFILLING OBLIGATION.

Admiral Kauts Will Not Be a Disturbing Element at Samoa.

Washington, March 11.—It is denied positively at the state department that Rear Admiral Kauts has gone to Samoa on the Philadelphia to restore the status quo existing before the last emeute, to depose Mataafa and to restore Malietoa Tanus, even if force is necessary to accomplish these objects. It is said that the admiral has gone to Samoa to meet the treaty obligation that is imposed upon the United States to send a warship there, at least occasionally, as an evidence of the interest held by the United States in the islands. He will carefully examine the conditions in the island and look into the events leading up to the installation of the provisional government, reporting all the facts to Washington. It is not expected that he will be a disturbing element and endeavor to make arbitrary changes, but he will prevent bloodshed and protect life and property.

Full reports from the officials concerned have been received at the state department concerning the recent trouble at Samoa, and negotiations based on them are now in progress.

Mrs. Cody Goes Free.

Albany, March 11.—Judge Gregory announced yesterday afternoon that he had decided to suspend sentence in the case of Margaret E. Cody, who was found guilty of blackmailing the Gould heirs by the jury. In announcing his decision he said: "Mrs. Cody, the evidence has convinced me that you are guilty beyond question, yet I feel that in view of the jury's unanimous recommendation to mercy and the popular sentiment which favors it, that I am justified in following their suggestion and suspending sentence in your case. You are free to go on your own recognizance." It is understood that the jury's recommendation was on account of the prisoner's age and for no other reason.

Weavers Quit Work.

Providence, March 11.—Nearly 350 weavers, employed at the mill of the Warren Manufacturing company, quit work in a body at 2:30 o'clock yesterday. The weavers had for several days expressed dissatisfaction with the length of the new warps, and one of their number was discharged owing to trouble with the overseer, growing out of a discussion of the matter. The weavers voted not to resume work until the weaver is reinstated. If the main cause of the difference is the measurement of the warps, it is probable that the matter will be adjusted speedily. The mill officials state that the warps are of the right length.

Mahon Won't Testify.

Atlantic City, March 11.—Martin Mahon, the New York hotel man who is in this city, says that he will not return to New York to testify against Fayne Moore. Mahon figured prominently as prosecuting witness in the badger trial which resulted in sending William Moore to prison for 10 years, but he says that he was so badly treated while on the witness stand in that trial that he will not present himself to testify in the trial of Mrs. Moore.

AT A SNAPPING POINT.

General Henry Says Porto Ricans Have Been Given Too Much Rein.

Alarming State of Affairs Throughout the Island.

Seeds of Discontent Planted in Fruitful Soil by Professional Agitators.

Chicago, March 11.—The Tribune today prints a letter from a staff correspondent dated San Juan de Porto Rico, March 1. The correspondent says. The war department has requested General Henry to report how many regular troops he can spare. General Henry now has only three regiments of troops and two batteries.

"I need twice the troops I have," said the general. "Because of the easy victory of our troops here in the war and the apparent friendliness of the natives to the American soldiers when they invaded the island a notion prevails in the states that there is little necessity for a strong force to maintain order in the island. The idea is erroneous.

"The conditions here are alarming. These people have been given every opportunity, but they have thrown them aside. They are clamoring now for local self-government. They are no more fit for local self-government than I am to run a locomotive. More troops are needed in the island. The seeds of discontent planted by professional agitators are rapidly growing and can be kept down only by a strong military force.

"The ill feeling between the natives and the American troops seems to grow stronger every day. The American officers have to maintain the greatest vigilance to prevent their men from wreaking vengeance on the natives and especially on the native police for acts of violence that are continually committed against the troops."

At Caguay, 25 miles from San Juan, Michael Burke, a soldier of the Forty-seventh New York, was murdered last Saturday night by a native while Burke was reading at a table in the Porto Rican Literary club. The native slipped up behind him and with a machete cut off the soldier's head. Another soldier entered the club and found the body still in the chair and the head on the floor.

Several Porto Ricans were discussing the matter. No one would admit having seen the murder committed. Suspicion fixed on one man, but he fled and has not yet been found. Only four nights before the killing of Burke natives made a brutal assault on Private Fitzpatrick The native police arrested Fitzpatrick without a warrant, and when he resisted beat him insensible.

The soldiers of four companies of the Forty-seventh stationed at Caguay that night started out to police the town and smashed the furniture in three cafes Officers of the regiment quelled the riot.

The troubles at Caguay have been duplicated at almost every place on the island. At Guayama a soldier was stabbed in the back by a native.

The conditions at Ponce since the clash between the soldiers and native police in which several Porto Ricans were killed, have been bordering on open battle between the troops and natives. At San Juan a few nights ago three sailors from the Unitde States cruiser Panther were wounded by bullets from the rifles of the native police while trying to arrest one of the sailors.

General Henry began his administration in Porto Rico by giving all the towns and cities self-government. He had been forced to depose the alcalde and the councilmen of many towns and turn the local government over to army officers

Things are strained to the snapping point. General Henry's face looked grim when he said: "I have given them too much rein. Now I'm going to take in the slack."

Dr. Dixon's Goodbye.

Boston, March 11.—The Warren Avenue Baptist church prayer meeting last night brought together a large number of church members, to act upon Dr Dixon's request for dismissal. Letters of honorable dismissal were granted the late pastor and his son without a dissenting voice. It was announced that Rev. Dr. Love, for the past 14 years in Philadelphia, would occupy the pulpit tomorrow, as a candidate for the recently vacated pastorate.

Senator Jones' Sickness.

Washington, March 11.—Senator J. K Jones of Arkansas, who has been ill for some time, suffered another setback yesterday. During the afternoon he was attacked with a paroxysm, incident to the angina pectoris, which, while no so severe as former ones, appeared to be more stubborn in yielding to treatment. The physicians, however, succeeded in reviving their patient, and his condition is reported as more favorable

Harper Doesn't Want It.

Chicago, March 11.—President Harper of Chicago university says that the report that he has been offered the presidency of Yale college is without foundation. It has not been offered him, he says, and if it had, the chances were he would not leave Chicago.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Horatio Dunton, a prominent farmer of Searsmont, Me., is dead, aged 80.

Angus McLeod has accepted the challenge of John S. Johnson for a race, mile heats, best two in three, the race to be tripiet paced. He suggests the postin of $100 forfeit.

The summer residence of Theophi Euphrate of New York, at Brookfield Conn., was destroyed by fire, causing a loss estimated at $12,000.

The North German Lloyd steamer Friedrich der Grosse is aground of Schulau, in the river Elbe.

Odreds were received for an indefinite suspension of work at the Jeanesville (Pa.) collieries of the Lehigh Valley Coal company. Over 500 men and boys are thrown out of employment.

J. J. Kennedy of Boston, in a barn near Cornwall, Ont., fought a six-round draw with Mike Crotty, ex-featherweight champion of Ireland.



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MARCH SUIT SALE.

Our March Suit Sale is proving a great success because the suits are seasonable, year-round weight and most desirable patterns, shades and fabrics. Genuine Blue Placidah double and single breasted, 14 oz. Grey Clay and Grey Swift River Cassimere.

YOUR CHOICE $10.00.

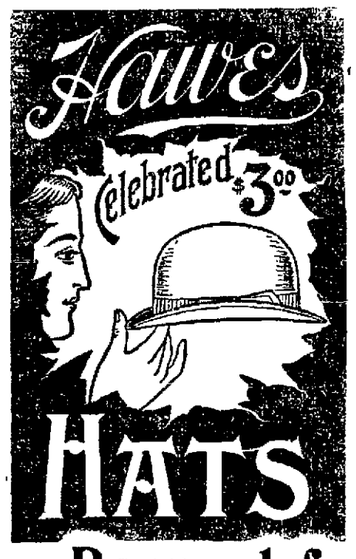
These suits were bought in large lots for spot cash which explains the price, as every one is easily worth $12.00. Another advantage in buying here is that we have all sizes, 34 to 50, and you are sure of a fit. See our State street windows.

$10.00 TOP COATS.

for our March sale are easily worth $12.00 and most attractive in fabrics and make. Three numbers are especially good—a medium color, good weight, double and twist, with serge lining—good for service. A light shade, double face, with satin shoulders in small sizes for young men: also, a light shade with fancy silk lining throughout. See our Main street windows.

C. H. Cutting & Co.
Wholesale-Retailers. Cutting Corner.

WEDDING PRESENTS . . .
You know we are headquarters for Reliable Goods. We have
CUT GLASS---The celebrated Marlboro Pattern.
STERLING SILVER---From Spoons to Silver Service.
CHINA CLOCKS---Beautiful Hand Painted Goods.
ENGRAVING---If you buy silverware of us, remember we will engrave it for you.....
Our Watch Repairing Department is always busy, for our work pleases, but we can attend to your wants.
L. M. BARNES, - - 3 Wilson Block.



Our Hats
represent the thought and experience of over 25 years' experience in business. Whenever we see a better thing we give up the old.

The Hawes Hat
is especially a New York Hat. They are sold exclusively at 3 Broadway Stores and combine the best taste and superior quality. It is conceded to be the best all round Hat for $3.00 in the market.

Barnard & Company.
. . . HAT DEPARTMENT . . .

In my SHOW WINDOWS
Can be seen the latest styles in . . .
Three-piece solid mahogany frame . . . PARLOR SUITS
Upholstered in silk damask. These suits are made in my own shop and are worth double factory made suits at the same price.
A line of SIDEBOARDS just in. Golden oak finish. Can't be beat LADIES' DRESSING TABLES in golden quarteerd oak, highly polished, with French plate mirrors.
New line of Mattings, Carpets, Oilcloths, Rugs Etc., for the spring trade.
J. H Cody, House Furnisher and Undertaker 22 to 30 Eagle St.
Picture Framing. Agent for Acorn Stoves and Ranges.

Auction Sale of Horses!
A Carload of Iowa Horses
will be received in this city on Wednesday and will be on exhibition Thursday and Friday at
SHAW'S STABLE, rear of Richmond House.
They will be offered at Auction Saturday, March 18, at 10 o'clock.
These 24 horses are direct from the farmers of Iowa, and consist of draft, coach and farm horses.
Terms Cash or good bankable paper.
COOK & PHELPS.

INSURANCE of all Kinds
TINKER & RANSFORD.
Office over Adams National Bank. The Leading Agent

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WILLIAMSTOWN

NOMINATION PAPERS FILED.

At the town clerk's office four candidates have filed nomination papers. This is the outcome of a little dissatisfaction which was felt at the caucus and which has now grown to a much greater extent. While many were satisfied with the outcome of the caucus, influence has been brought to bear upon them in the form of personal solicitation and as a result many who voted for the candidates nominated at the caucus, have now turned and are ready to support some of those who have filed nomination papers. W. J. Danaher made such a close fight at the caucus, that many of his friends feel that he would be elected if he would consent to file nomination papers; this he decided to do and so his friends are booming him all they can for clerk.

George Sweet has also filed nomination papers for selectman on the ground that in the excitement, etc, of the night of the caucus, those whose names were proposed, did not get the consideration they should have done Mr Sweet has a fine record behind him as a citizen and as one who has always been prominent in town affairs and should he decide to adhere to his decision, he will make a strong fight.

For practically the same reasons as given above W. J. Metcalf and Fred Goodell have filed nomination papers for constables.

SCHOOL OPENING POSTPONED.

It has now been decided not to reopen all the schools at present. This decision was reached late yesterday afternoon and is something of a surprise. The high school scholars will resume their studies on Monday, but the grammar school and the lower grades will not open until a week later. The high school has not very much time to make up the back work and a longer vacation would be crowding it too much. The grammar school and lower grades have more time and so will not feel the extra work to such a marked degree. Yesterday afternoon the high school building was fumigated under the direction of Superintendent Mitchell and today is being gotten in good shape for Monday.

Joseph Cooper of the Boston Finishing works is confined to his home through illness.

John Gillis, a well known drummer for W. H. Frear & Co., of Troy was in town yesterday calling on his many friends.

John Hicks of Troy was in town yesterday on business connected with the new buildings that are being erected this spring.

There are no more new cases of scarlet fever other than those that have been mentioned in the columns of the Transcript. The attending physicians report that all are doing nicely.

Mrs. Susan Northup, wife of Clarke Northrup of South Williamstown, died Wednesday, March 8. She had been suffering for a long time with cerebral hemorrhage. She was 70 years old. The funeral was held yesterday at 10 o'clock and burial was in the South Williamstown cemetery, Rev. Mr. Merritt officiating.

A party of young people has engaged a four horse team of the Greylock livery to take them to Petersburg Junction, where they will have a dance.

Mrs. Mary Welsh of South Williamstown has moved to this town and will live with her daughter, Mrs. John Quinn on Belden avenue.

D J. Neyland returned from Pittsfield yesterday, where he has been serving on the jury.

Mrs. J. W. Bullock and daughter have not been well for some time. As soon as they are recovered Mr. Bullock expects to make a trip east to make preparations for the coming of his family to his summer cottage Bide-a-wee.

Ole L. Brown and Miss Mary E Howard both of Williamstown, were married Thursday at the house of Mrs. Shroeder on Cole avenue. The ceremony was performed by Edmond Noel, justice of the peace.

John Mack, an old resident, is in town.

THE GRIP CURE THAT DOES CURE

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets removes the cause that produces La Grippe The genuine has L. B. Q. on each Tablet. 25c.

GIVE THE CHILDREN A DRINK

called Grain-O. It is a delicious, appetizing, nourishing food drink to take the place of coffee. Sold by all grocers and liked by all who have used it because when properly prepared it tastes like the finest coffee but is free from all its injurious properties. Grain-O aids digestion and strengthens the nerves. It is not a stimulant but a health builder and children, as well as adults can drink it with it great benefit. 15c. and 25c.

A REMEDY FOR THE GRIPPE.

A remedy recommended for patients afflicted with the Grippe is Kemp's Balsam, which is especially adapted to diseases of the throat and lungs. Do not wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle today and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. The Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose. All druggists sell the Balsam.

FOR SALE.

Meat and grocery business on Cole avenue, with an established business Sales $1,000 a month. Now occupied and owned by Z. F. Beverly, Williamstown.

Auction Sale, April 1.

Dweling house on Linden street, Williamstown.

Three houses, modern conveniences, for two families each.

¼ tenement block, modern. Rents for $30 a month.

Apply to Z. F. Beverly, Cole avenue, Williamstown.

A Ton of Comfort

Goes with every ton of coal which leaves our yard. Our

Pittston Coal

Is free from stone or slate and is economical.

Frederick Mather, Agt

Office in D. W. Noyes' store, Spring Street, Williamstown.

DR. C. T. KINSMAN,
Dentist.
Noyes' block, Spring St., Williamstown



The easy food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

AN ARTFUL GAME.

A Clever Swindle Which Was Successfully Worked in Paris.

Swindling is as monotonous as ethics or mathematics, and the various ways and means resorted to in the last decade of the nineteenth century for obtaining possession of other people's money were matters of common knowledge in the Egypt of Rameses the Great. But the Parisian police now affirm that a new departure has been made on the banks of the Seine. And this is how it was worked:

An office was hired in a good business street by the inventor of the trick, who assumed the title of somebody and company, chemical agents. Being convinced advocates of women's rights, they employed some members of the fair sex, who dressed in the height of fashion, used the most fashionable perfumes and then visited singly the best apothecaries' shop. One of these fair, false emissaries would stop her cab at the chemists, come in and, taking out her purse, ask for another bottle of Dr Beaumont's elixir. "Dr. Beaumont's what?" said the young man behind the counter. "The elixir. Don't you know?" "No; I am afraid I never heard of it.' "Oh, how tiresome, and my poor rheumatic husband will be so disappointed! Are you sure it was not here that our servant bought it before?" "No, madame; it was not here Where is it sold wholesale?" "It is sold wholesale, I think"— And here the lady showed the ticket on the bottle. "It costs 8 francs."

That same day the chemist bought the elixir wholesale, laying in a fair stock of it, and meanwhile many of the confreres were doing likewise. But, as nobody called any more on the obliging chemists to buy the elixir, one of the curious confraternity analyzed this specific which was supposed to relieve rheumatics He found that it was at least perfectly harmless, consisting of water colored by coffee grounds. The police were then let loose upon the ladies and the chemical agents, but they had all moved on, leaving no address. They are said to have netted about 10,000 francs by the trick.—London Telegraph.

PERT PERSONALS.

Admiral Dewey has extraordinary qualifications for the presidency of a Don't Worry club.—Alleghany Record.

Patti has settled $15,000 a year on her husband. That is the song that reached his heart.—Philadelphia North American.

It is now said that Bob Evans is a church member, but he probably doesn't like to have his friends call him "deacon."—Pittsburg News.

By persistently refusing to be interviewed Mr Rudyard Kipling manages to delicately side wipe Mr. Hall Caine.—Washington Post.

A London dispatch describes Justice David J. Brewer as being "distinguished looking and rugged." He ought to be rugged. He was born in Smyrna.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat

Our old friend Li Hung Chang is reported to be suffering from swelled legs. Those who had the pleasure of being questioned by him when he was here used to say that his trouble was in his head.—New York Sun.

CURES WITHOUT PAIN

One of the Best Features of the New Pile Cure.

The Pyramid Pile Cure cures all forms of Piles without one particle of pain This desirable point is not obtained by the use of injurious opiates which simply deaden and paralyze the nerves of the part and make matters worse in the long run. But it is done solely by its remarkable healing and soothing effects.

And while it thus gives immediate relief, at the same time the disease is not merely checked, but a radical cure is rapidly accomplished.

And the point we want to make clear is that all this is done without a particle of pain.

This fact is one great reason for the popularity of the Pyramid Pile Cure and constitutes one very great difference between it and almost any other kind of treatment for piles.

Every kind of surgical operation for piles is excruciatingly painful besides endangering the life of the patient and in most cases is not to be compared with the Pyramid Cure, neither in making successful cures without pain nor in cheapness and safety.

The Pyramid Pile Cure has been before the public so long and its merits recognized by too many people to allow it to be classed with the many salves, suppositories, pills, etc., and you run no risk in trying it, as is often the case with untried preparations.

If you are ever troubled with any form of piles or rectal disease do not forget the Pyramid Pile Cure. Prepared by the Pyramid Drug Co., of Marshall, Mich., and sold by druggists at 50 cents per package.

For First Class

Repairing on Watches, Clocks, Gold Spectacles, Etc.,

Go to Ransford's

He also carries a fine line of Silver Novelties, Watches, Rings and Jewelry of all kinds.

Best Goods at Bottom Prices.

Moore's Block,

Near Methodist Church.

DR. CHARLES D. TENFT,
Dentist.
Water, corner Main Street, Williamstown Mass.

Greylock Stables Opened

The Greylock Stables are now open for business. Teams furnished at reasonable rates. Prompt and careful attention to all orders. Single, double and four-horse rigs furnished at short notice.

E. A. WEST, Manager.

BERESFORD ON AMERICA

He Is Gratified With His Reception In This Country.

OUTLINE OF HIS OPEN DOOR PLANS.

American Prestige Is High, He Says, In the Orient—Our Reputation in the East Warrants an Alliance to Guarantee Freedom of Trade.

Lord Charles Beresford, the British commissioner who is on a semiofficial visit to this country, is received with enthusiastic expressions of good will at every place he visits. To a reporter of an Omaha paper a day or two ago he said:

"I had expected the American people to take kindly to the idea of a commercial alliance that would lead to a better understanding in the far east and contribute to the development of better trade relations, but I cannot say that I was prepared for the enthusiastic reception I have received thus far from the sections of the United States I have visited."

Lord Beresford declared with emphasis that he believed the community of interest needed for the maintenance of open ports in China and the restriction of "spheres of influence" would be secured.

"I base my opinion of the success of this venture," said he, "not only on the enthusiasm displayed by American commercial bodies since my arrival, but from the letters and telegrams received from prominent men throughout the United States. Even while in China studying this subject I received letters from prominent Americans.

"I am gathering memorials, resolutions and other forms of expression of the commercial bodies of this country. Of course I will exhibit these testi-



LORD BERESFORD.

monials in England, but the more practical advantage will be the influence these gentlemen in America will contribute toward the forming of a wave of public sentiment that will have practical effect in urging the importance of the situation on the congress of the United States.

"I am especially desirous of seeing the chamber of commerce of Chicago take a determined stand in favor of this alliance. In New York I desire to secure about the same thing. I will also go to Washington and probably get some testimonials if possible from men of public promine ce there. I am anxious to visit other cities of the country before I return to England, but am not yet sure I can do so.

"I find a difference of sentiment with reference to one phase of the proposition I am attempting to promote. That refers to the form of alliance between the nations that will undertake to guarantee the integrity of the Chinese empire. I have met many Americans who are unqualifiedly in favor of an alliance for defensive and offensive purposes, while others seem to prefer an amicable understanding between these powers, but not a formal agreement. The latter argue that the results can be obtained as well through a friendly understanding as by a formal treaty.

"This is a question that will bear careful discussion. My study of the proposition in the orient leads me to conclude that a formal alliance is the proper manner in which the subject should be handled. Community of interests is the mainspring of all national alliances. The subject matter for a community of action between America, England and Germany and Japan certainly exists. If a formal alliance is entered into between these nations it will be a notice to the civilized world of their determination to act in behalf of China.

"I want to impress one thing especially upon the minds of the Americans—that is, the vast prestige the great American republic has secured in the orient through the magnificent work of its army and navy against Spain. The battle of Manila Bay did more to impress upon the higher classes of Chinese the efficiency of modern methods in war over the methods used by effete nations than anything that could have occurred. Then, too, it gave the average Chinaman respect for the stars and stripes that they could have secured in no other way.

"Dewey's work was an object lesson not only to the Chinese, but to the orient. It placed the stars and stripes in the front rank. Americans, of course, appreciate the efficient work of their gallant admiral, but in the east the naval victory at Manila and the celerity with which the administration rushed vast bodies of troops half way around the world to support its navy had the effect of impressing upon many nations of the orient the boundless power of the great republic, the strength of the great nation on the other side of the world, which at a single bound has placed itself in the front rank of the powers of the world."

HAWAIIAN FACTS.

The native Hawaiians are fast disappearing.

Mauna Loa is the biggest volcano in the world.

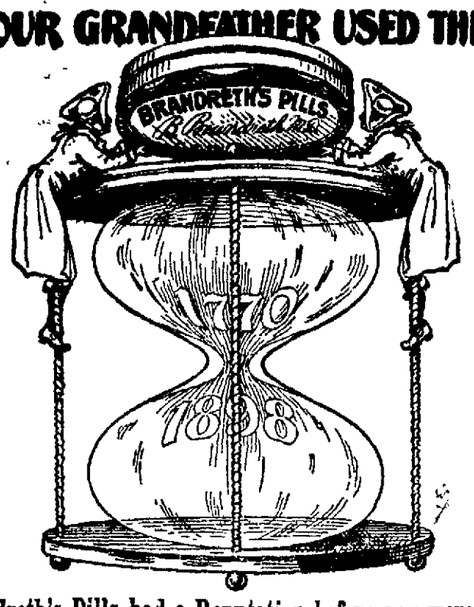
The public revenue of Hawaii is $1,900,000 a year.

The total population of the Hawaiian Islands is 109,000.

The total area of the Hawaiian Islands is 6,100 square miles.

The minority of 3,000 Americans in Hawaii rule the island.

YOUR GRANDFATHER USED THEM



Brandreth's Pills had a Reputation before you were born.

They have been in active demand in the markets of the world for nearly one hundred and thirty years, and have never been known to fail to do the work required of them in a safe and satisfactory manner.

No medicine is made with such infinite care as Brandreth's Pills. They are purely vegetable, and are kept for two years before being sold. The same dose always produces the same effect. Brandreth's Pills purify the blood, invigorate the digestion and cleanse the stomach and bowels. They stimulate the liver and carry off vitiated bile and other depraved secretions. They are a tonic medicine that regulate, purify and fortify the whole system. The first two or three doses (one or two taken every night) tell the story. The skin becomes clear, the eye bright, the mind active; digestion is restored, costiveness cured, the animal vigor recruited and all decay corrected.

Brandreth's Pills are sold throughout the world, both sugar-coated and plain.

TELEPHONES IN HAWAII.

They Form an Important Factor In the Business of the Islands.

Nowhere in the world perhaps is the telephone a greater factor in life than in Hawaii, says a Honolulu correspondent of the Chicago Record. In the islands there are about 2,000 telephones to a population of 110,000, or one telephone to every 52 inhabitants. On the island of Oahu, on which Honolulu is situated, there are 1,090 telephones to a population of about 45,000, or about one to each 41 of the population.

The telephone was introduced here in the latter part of 1880 and soon became an established part of the business, social and political life of the country. It may sound strange to use the word "political" in this connection, but it is true in a sober and literal sense, for in every revolution that has been planned or attempted the seizure and control of the central telephone office has always been one of the first strategical moves thought of.

The telephone is much more of a public institution here than it is in most places. Isolated as the islands are, the arrival of a steamship from a foreign land is of personal interest to almost every individual The government maintains a lookout station on Diamond Head, from which approaching vessels in any direction can be sighted while still from 20 to 40 miles distant, depending on the state of the atmosphere. As soon as a steamer is sighted "central" is notified. "Central" then notifies the pilot office, the port physician, the board of health, the custom house, the postoffice, the newspaper offices and a few other persons who have a particular interest in getting early information of this character. Then the electric light company is notified, and it gives two long whistles if the steamer is from America and three if it is from any other part of the world. For two minutes after these whistles are blown no telephone connections are made, but the force at "central" keeps repeating the name of the steamer and its location, as "Australia off Koko Head," or "China off Waianae," so that all any individual needs to do is to go to the nearest telephone, put the receiver to his ear and listen and he will know what steamer it is, where it is, and if he has lived here any length of time he can form an accurate judgment as to how long it will be before the steamer will be at the wharf.

If the steamer brings any striking piece of news of general interest, "central" gives it to everybody who calls up for a connection. In this way the destruction of the Maine was known all over this island within ten minutes after the Zealandia, which brought the news, was at the wharf.

If an important personage dies, the news is distributed in the same way, and "central" can always be depended on to give the hour and place of a funeral as soon as the hour has been fixed. In New York and Chicago, if you want to make an inquiry, you ask a policeman. In Honolulu you ask "central."

The meat markets have a list of their regular customers at "central," and at about 6 o'clock each evening "central" calls them all up in order and takes their orders for the next morning's breakfast.

New Industries In the South.

The Chattanooga Tradesman says that among the more important of the new industries reported in the week ended Feb. 11 are brick and lime works in Alabama, brick and tile works in Arkansas, coal mining developments in north Georiga and upper east Tennessee, cotton mills in Georgia and North Carolina, the latter a $500,000 plant; a 30 ton cottonseed oil mill in Texas, a fertilizer factory in West Virginia, a large flour mill in South Carolina, a 100 stamp gold milling plant and another gold mining company in the Dahlonega district, a $10,000 hardware company in Texas, ice factories in Kentucky and Virginia, a $100,000 lumber company in Florida, a nail mill in West Virginia, two planing mills in Georgia and one in Kentucky, sawmills in Tennessee and West Virginia, a saw works in Virginia, a spoke and handle factory in west Tennessee, a large tannery in east Tennessee, two telephone companies in Kentucky and a wood working plant in Alabama.

United States Wheat In Spain.

Theodore Mertens, in charge of the United States consular agency at Valencia, writes as follows:

"The great demand for wheat in this country and the present low price of this article in the United States offer a rare opportunity to our grain exporting merchants to sell large quantities to Spain until her own crops are ready for market. A steamer cargo of 4,000 tons of red winter wheat has just arrived here from New York, which has proved satisfactory, and importers are willing to receive more during the winter or spring The price seems to compare favorably with that of Russian wheat (the kind generally imported here when there is a demand for foreign wheat), although American wheat pays 20 per cent higher duties than grain from countries which have a commercial treaty with Spain. This is the first direct shipment from the United States to this port since the war."

A Manila Attraction.

The following advertisement appeared in a recent number of the Manila American:

"The Hoffman House cafe—the only American bar with American proprietors in the city where a sparkling fountain is that makes the place as cool as a winter's day in Alaska. There you will find the best kind of Old Government whisky, rye and Bourbon Eggnogs and American cocktails a specialty. Beer and English ale on draft (ice cold). All come and spend the afternoons and evenings and listen to the sweet strains of music from the piano discoursed by a capable performer."

SPANISH GUNNERY.

The Opinion of the Commander of a German Cruiser.

Captain Jacobsen, commander of the German cruiser Geier, has published in The Marine Review of Berlin two articles about his personal experiences during the Spanish-American campaign in Santiago. In speaking of Spanish gunnery he says:

"I have heard only of one instance where a Spanish shell found an American warship. This was sent into the Texas while that battleship was bombarding the Socopa batteries.

"One night, while the American battleships kept up a continuous bombarding, one of the attacking vessels was found by the searchlights on the battery. The Spaniards opened fire on it, but instead of hitting the vessel the Iowa, which lay under cover of darkness, was struck by the shell from the Spanish howitzer.

"Great must have been the fright of the American officers when on taking charge of Morro they found that the cannon operated against them by the Spanish bore the dates of 1608 and 1718. Part of these howitzers were found loaded as the Americans took charge. The officer in charge ordered them to be fired off and found to his great surprise that the longest distance one of these shots could traverse was 800 yards.

"With due apologies to the brethren of Yankeeland, did the thrifty Americans really allow themselves to be frightened at this Spanish 'bluff?' In the beginning perhaps yes. I must confess, and so do my officers, that while watching the proceedings from our cruiser we had not the faintest idea that the Spanish batteries had such antique material to defend their glorious honor with."

Latinized English.

There was a period in the history of English literature, says Professor Mark H. Liddell in The Atlantic, when the ideal of a perfect sentence was one in which English thought was so run into a classic mold as to make the English reader stand on his head to see the meaning of it. That was because the obvious fact in most Latin sentences was a periodic structure It was an easy road to beautiful expression to assume this perfection for English sentences and make them conform to it. Men shut their eyes to a multiplicity of form in English writing which they did not understand and chose out of a foreign tongue a single form which they did. In the same way a false type of beauty has often been set up in high places where men should look for a real one.

KITCHEN GUIDES.

Sugar in the water for basting meats will add to their flavor. This is especially true of veal.

Mustard, says an exchange, should not be mixed with vinegar, which destroys its flavor. Use warm water.

Butter is known to burn more quickly than any other fat, so be sure and watch the pan carefully when using it for frying.

One reason why housekeepers fail with nut mixing bread, says one who knows, is

OUR GIRLS IN CUBA.

The American Young Women Attract the Cubans.

The Americans are naturally the wonder and amazement of the Santiago natives, says a Santiago correspondent of the Chicago Record. The entire nervous system of the city is daily being shocked by the new sights and the new events since America took possession. The people here are accustomed to a very formal way of speech and action. They walk as if every step were studied, and the more enlightened talk with the utmost preciseness. The free and easy going way of the visitors is astounding to them. The American comes out with his hearty laugh, not caring who is around, and the dainty senoritas look at one another in wonderment.

An American girl is the most interesting of all sights to them. They watch her in silent amazement from the time she appears in view until she has turned the corner. They seem to think the American woman the most wonderful of all earthly objects. The Santiago ladies, no matter how hot the day, always dress in black when they appear on the Plaza de Arma at "la tarde" for the usual evening's promenade. The other evening an American girl was there in a blood red costume, made of some kind of thin, flowing gauze material. She promenaded with young United States officers, and the rising of the sun at midnight would not have attracted more attention. But the thing which threw the whole city into a commotion was the appearance of a young American girl on the plaza riding a wheel and wearing a white costume with a short skirt. Such a thing as a girl's riding a wheel was never before dreamed of in Santiago. This fair American cyclist was doubtless out for the purpose of having a little fun, and she succeeded in astounding the natives with an event they would talk about for a lifetime under usual conditions.

No less amazed was Santiago society when a Chicago lady appeared at a fashionable reception in full evening dress. It was a square neck decollete gown. Santiago women had seen such things in pictures, but they did not believe the illustrations true to life until the Chicago belle stood before them as the living exemplar.

Business Revival Affects BLISS BUSINESS COLLEGE.

MORE BUSINESS means more demand for our students.

WE HAVE RECENTLY filled several positions—early preparations for spring changes.

WE PROVIDE THOROUGH courses in Business, English and Shorthand and assist our patrons to positions where they can make use of it.

Call or write for particulars.

E. J. SHAW, Principal

LOW TELEPHONE RATES

North Adams Exchange : :

ONLY $25.00 A YEAR

Partly metallic circuit, measured service for a telephone.

Can you afford to be without it? Manager will furnish all particulars : : :

New England Telephone and Telegraph Company,

North Adams, Mass.

R. A. WOOD
UPHOLSTERING

R. A. Wood will take orders for Upholstering at Valentine Bro.'s store until further notice.

M. HERSHMAN,

85 State St., No. Adams.

I am in the market for Cattle, Calves Lambs, Poultry, Ducks and Geese, and pay the highest market value for the same. CALL AND SEE ME.

W. H. GAYLORD

Seasonable,
Up-to-Date
Dress Patterns.

Bargains Everyone
Selected Line of
Fancy Goods.

Gloves,
Corsets,
Handkerchiefs.

Call and see our stock which has been carefully selected and contains many beautiful goods—

MAIN STREET, NO. ADAMS



THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.
LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Lesure & Bradford, TRUCKING!

Piano and Furniture Moving a Specialty.

We give our personal attention to all our orders, guaranteeing prompt service and care in handling goods.

Orders left at M. Gatalick's, the clothier, Main street, will receive immediate attention.

Telephone Call 156-5.

DANCING ACADEMY.

M. V. Meade, - - 43 Eagle St

Classes meet Monday afternoon and evening. Private lessons given at any time when not engaged with classes.

IN NEW QUARTERS.

The undersigned has opened a new office in the

Burlingame Block, Main St.

For the buying and selling of

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton for

Cash or on Margin,

With private telegraph wires to all markets.

E. McA. Learned
Burlingame Block,
North Adams.
Central Block, Pittsfield. Glesner Block, Lee, Mass

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GOVERNOR ROOSEVELT'S "THE ROUGH RIDERS" (illustrated serial), and all his other war writings.

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RUDYARD KIPLING—HENRY VAN DYKE—WILLIAM ALLEN WHITE and many others: Short Stories.

GEORGE W. CABLE'S NEW SERIAL story of New Orleans, "The Entomologist"—Illustrated by Herter.

SENATOR HOAR'S Reminiscences—Illustrated.

MRS. JOHN DREW'S Stage Reminiscences—Illustrated.

JOEL CHANDLER HARRIS'S new collection of Stories. "The Chronicles of Aunt Minervy Ann.

Q'S SHORT SERIAL, "A Ship of Stars."

ROBERT GRANT'S Search-Light Letters—Common-Sense Essays.

SIDNEY LANIER'S Musical Impressions.

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ADAMS.

CHURCH NOTES.

BAPTIST.

The pastor's subject for Sunday morning will be "Obedience." In the evening there will be a union service at St. Paul's Universalist church.

The regular meeting of the Young People's union will be held Sunday evening at 6 o'clock.

The annual meeting of the Baptist Woman's union will be held Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

A clam chowder supper will be served Tuesday evening from 6 to 7.30 o'clock. After the supper the annual church roll call and election of officers will be held. The officers' reports will also be read.

ST. MARK'S.

There will be a union service at the Universalist church Sunday evening.

METHODIST.

The pastor's subject for Sunday morning will be "The Great Conspiracy." It will be a temperance address. In the evening he will speak on "Prisoners of Hope."

The regular meeting of the Epworth League will be held Sunday evening.

The pastor's class will meet as usual this evening.

UNIVERSALIST.

Rev. F. A. Taylor of North Adams will preach Sunday morning in exchange with the pastor. The pastor will preach on "The Signs of the Times Respecting Temperance," Sunday evening. It will be a union service and the Methodists and Baptists will attend.

NOTRE DAME.

The Jesuit Fathers will open a mission for the men at 10.30 o'clock mass Sunday. There will be an opening sermon by Rev. Fr. Turjeon, director of St. Mary's cathedral of Montreal. The mission will last one week.

A DANGEROUS PLACE.

Friday afternoon about 4 o'clock the iron railing that skirts the L. L. Brown Paper company's mill pond on Commercial street near the Baptist church caved in and fell into the water, carrying with it Merton, the young son of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Baker of Park street. The little boy is not able to swim. He fell in and was wet up to his shoulders. Several other boys helped him, to get out. Luckily the boy escaped without injury, but had he been hurt the town would have to settle. The place has been like a trap for a long time. Its dangerousness has been spoken of before in this and other papers. The railing kept falling toward the water and although it was evident that all would cave in some time, the place was not fixed. Barrels and boards have been placed near the hole made by Friday's caving in. It is believed by some that the whole culvert which is under the road is defective and a flume should be put in.

AGAINST INTEMPERANCE.

There is a general temperance move among the clergymen and they intend to have temperance sermons preached each Sunday from now on until election time. Rev. H. B. Foskett started the move last Sunday evening. This evening a union service of the Universalist, Baptist and Episcopal churches will be held at the Universalist church. The pastor will preach on Temperance. It is believed that a good deal of good will result from such meetings and their effect may be a surprise on election day.

CALLED ON CAPT. CROSIER.

The "Catch-up" whist club composed of a number of young people spent a pleasant evening at the home of Captain George J. Crosier on Forest Park avenue, Friday evening. They called there about 8 o'clock without an invitation and thoroughly surprised Capt. Crosier, who was not expecting any callers. However, he welcomed all and several hours were spent at games and other amusement. Refreshments were served and all had an enjoyable time.

Rev. H. B. Foskett was in Pittsfield on business Friday.

The regular meeting of the Woman's Relief corps will be held this evening.

The regular meeting of the Robert Emmett Benevolent association will be held Sunday afternoon.

E. J. Laferriere has been ill the past week.

Miss M. Frances Buggay has gone to New York city to secure a spring line of millinery.

Miss Margaret Broderick has returned from New York and is arranging for her annual opening of spring millinery.

Frank Delancy has returned from a trip to Utica, N. Y.

The following letters are advertised at the local postoffice this week: Miss Martha Minitz, 99 Summer street, Daniel J. Bourdeau, 99 Bank street, Mrs. Watt, Winter street, D. L. M. Selling, Ethel Whiton Lock, Jay Phillips and Harrie Clark.

Louis Peltier of Canada is the guest of friends in town.

Delor Bishop of Canada, formerly of this town, is the guest of friends in town.

St. Thomas church choir has began rehearsals for the concert to be given at the old St. Charles church St. Patrick's night. Prof. Molumby of Pittsfield is director.

T. L. Dow & Co., had a new awning placed over their new store on Park street.

The Loomfixers' union is arranging for another smoke talk to be held March 18.

The A. O. U. W. Refined minstrels will give their performances in the opera house, April 4.

George Fuller who was pardoned by the county commissioners from Pittsfield jail this week was arrested for drunkenness again Friday evening. He came from Pittsfield and was hardly able to get off the train.

SPRING SUITS.

Gentlemen now is the time to call and see my samples for spring suits and trousers. A full line of the best samples. Come in and see them. Our fits are perfect and prices right.

J. R. O'BRIEN, Tailor, Park street.

THE PLACE TO BUY.

Step into Richmond's and you will find 10,000 Rolls New Wall Paper. Large stock 50c Ingrain Carpets, all wool filling. New Rugs and Mattings, also children's carriages and go carts. No trouble to show goods.

WAR'S REAL STING.

Incident of Cuban Campaign Having to Do With Second Regiment.

Dr. William S. Walkley recently contributed the following story to New York Truth. It will be read with interest by many in Northern Berkshire:

And now the Evening Herald was about to go to press. The telegraphic plate was "chopped," and all the forms locked except pages 1 and 2. The business manager went to the slide in answer to a shrill whistle.

"How about Pillshot's patent 'ad'?" came up from below.

"Kill it," he replied; "no pay since the flood."

"But it's contract, you know," was the reply.

"Contract be hanged; it's been smashed so often a shyster couldn't find action for either side in an Oklahoma court," he raged; "kill it—dead." He flopped back into a seat and swabbed the beaded moisture from his brow as he wearily began to "pad" the "pony" telegraph service.

It was one of those fearful days in early June, when the news, or rather the lack of news, from Santiago, painted thick gloom on the faces of the people; when the nation, with bated breath, haunted bulletin boards; when strong men looked away as they answered women's tearful demand to know the worst.

Apprehension stalked everywhere especially in Western Massachusetts. The meagre news of San Juan and El Caney was unsatisfactory. The Second Massachusetts regiment was under fire, and had suffered—God only knows how much; the local militia company was there with the Second, too. Washington was helpless and could give no information in answer to the editor's frantic appeals by wire.

"The department knows nothing officially. We are relying on the press," was the maddening answer. It was true. The press was making a new record for enterprise and efficiency.

The editor looked up from the thumb-marked map of Cuba, one finger rested on Siboney.

"Anything new from the front, Harmsley?" he asked the manager.

"Second Massachusetts lost one man at Caney," came the answer; "nobody seems to be sure of anything though. The officials are all at sea, and Washington is as helpless as though we had never heard of a war before."

"No? lost a man, eh? Not bad. That lets the boys off pretty easy, don't it. Bad business though; Shafter's a poor thing and those Dons may give him a good run for his money yet. Wonder who the poor cuss was? Guess we'll give 'em a short editorial on their gallant action," the editor continued as he sat down and banged the typewriter.

"Wonder why 'Cap' Alder doesn't send a cable," thought the manager; "said he would after every row; too busy and upset, maybe."

He had a brother down there in the cursed mix-up. War was no glorified picnic to him—it was a personal affair. It was different with the editor; to him the campaign was merely a journalist's episode—purely impersonal; it was a good thing for the 'pape,' that was all.

"How's this old man?" said the chief, pushing back from the machine. Then he read what would appear in the paper as follows:

"The news from Santiago today is much more encouraging than at any time during the past few days.

"The enemy is dazed under the bewildering tactics of our troops, and the moral victory thus won presages the speedy downfall of the beleagured city. The traditional superiority of the Anglo-Saxon over the Latin races is once more manifestt.

"We again witness the sons of the old Bay state achieving new laurels on the field of battle, in defense of Old Glory. We are proud of our boys. The men of the Second Massachusetts have proved themselves as true as steel, as courageous as lions under the fierce hail of Spanish bullets. They are worthy successors of their patriotic ancestry. But the victory was not without its price; the Second has offered up one martyr in the cause of humanity, but the loss is trifling—almost insignificant— in comparison with the glorious total of results."

"That covers the situation up to date," he said, as he finished. "It's optimistic, I know; but we've got to keep the people cheerful—it's the duty of the press in times like these. Lord knows, everybody is funereal enough without our howling calamity. We've simply got to be cheerful."

While he was speaking, a messenger entered and handed the manager a press telegram. "That's the last," he said.

The manager swung around to his desk and tore open the envelope. When the editor looked that way again his subordinate sat bolt upright, pale and haggard, staring at a sheet of yellow paper with unseeing eyes.

"Poor devil!" heat's too much for him," thought the editor. "What's the matter, old fellow?" he asked; "head all awhirl?" Beastly hot! Better have something cold."

The manager held out the sheet and bowed his stony face in his hands. The message contained these words:

"Add battle. Unknown soldier Second Mass. reported killed at Caney is Private Abner M. Harmsley, Co. X. Shot in face." "30."

"Good God!" ejaculated the editor. Then he walked across the room and placed his hands on the shoulders of the younger man, with a gentle, almost womanly caress.

"Harmsley, old fellow," he said softly, "you don't think this can be your brother—not Abner, do you?"

The other nodded.

"Why, it can't be. There must have been some awful mistake—some other man of the same name, you know; or he may have been only wounded and reported dead. That's it—the later despatches will deny it; they must deny it," he concluded fiercely, seeing the other's stricken face.

The manager raised his lack-lustre eyes—they revealed the utter depths of despair—and shaking his head wearily, pointed hopelessly to the "30" at the end of the message.

"The Press Association's code finis," he said superstitiously. "There is no escaping that, you know, Chief," he added with a tired, sad smile. "Poor Ab is gone, and I am—" He broke into convulsive sobs, and his whole frame shook with the intensity of his emotion. The editor looked at him helplessly. The full meaning of war and its horrible barbarity suddenly burst upon him, as in a flash.

"Ye gods," he muttered, "I never knew what war was—until now. And this is but a single instance. It's damnable." He shuddered as he thought of the thousands upon thousands of anxious ones trembling throughout the length and breath of the land. The whistle blew furiously and the forman yelled up the slide:

"What are you doing up there? All asleep? Time to lock up everything. Hustle.

"Kill that editorial I just sent down, Jim, and hold the forms for a few minutes. We've bad news from this hell-begotten war. Keep a machine clear for this 'ed'—only a short one."

The editor turned to the typewriter and worked feverishly, but the words flowed thickly from the keys. The nonchalance of his former creation was wanting. War was no longer an impersonal thing—a mere journalistic episode which meant "copy"; it was real, horrible, ghastly, intensely personal after all. It was Death, Martyrdom and Sorrow. The personal element was asserting itself. He wrote as follows:

"It is with the keenest personal sorrow that today we are called upon to chronicle the death of our esteemed fellow-citizen, Abner M. Harmsley—our first martyr of the Spanish war—killed with his face to the foe at bloody El Caney. The tragic end of this young hero will shadow with sadness all our homes. The sympathy of the community will go out to the stricken brother; we share with him the bitterness of poignant grief. The Nation called him, and he went to do his duty unhesitatingly, eagerly, blithely. He counted not the cost, and yielded up his young life in sacrifice that a people might live in the fullness of peace, free from the yoke of cruel tyranny. Abner Harmsley was typically representative of these sterling attributes of American manhood, those attributes which make martyrs and heroes on the battlefields of war and peace, and form the safeguard of our glorious Republic

"'To the hero, when his sword
Has won the battle for the free,
Death's voice sounds like a prophet's word;
And in its hollow tones are heard
The thanks of millions yet to be!'"

"Run that with a black border,' he called down the slide, in a hushed voice; "put it though in a hurry. And say, Jim can't you fellows stop making so much noise? and quit laughing—Harmsley's brother is killed, you know."

Then the paper went sorrowfully to press.

Bonfa's Remarkable Adventure.

Professor Otto Harnack of Bonn, brother of the Biblical critic, had a remarkable adventure recently. He was visiting in Berlin, and while his family went to the theater one evening he attended a scientific dinner. At midnight he was seen crossing the Thiergarten in evening dress, and then disappeared. His family advertised for him in the newspapers throughout Germany, and after a week he gave himself up, very much shaken in mind, at a Berlin emergency hospital. He had taken a train to Vienna, where he presented 500 florins to a school society under an assumed name, then wandered to Budapest, and was unable to say how he got back to Berlin. He had shaved off his full beard on his travels to disguise himself. He was placed in a sanitarium, and is recovering rapidly.

Spurious Mummies.

Spurious mummies have from time to time been palmed off upon the public, and a doubt arose in a Vienna museum as to the validity of one daughter of the pharaohs in their collection. It occurred to them, in view of the general hollowness of life, that the young lady might have been manufactured in Birmingham. So they turned the Roentgen rays upon her and saw at once through the many folded wraps the amulets which the Egyptians placed upon the bosoms of their dead, thus proving the genuineness of their specimen.

HACKING COUGH.

A Sign that there is Danger of Consumption Ahead.

Might as well Commit Suicide as to Let It Go Unchecked.

Vinol, Wine of Cod Liver Oil, is Guaranteed to Cure Such Troubles.

We Will Refund Your Money if You Will Give It a Fair Trial, and It Fails.

We Know the Great Value of Vinol, and Would Like to Tell Others About It.

A hacking cough does not always seem serious, yet it is a most grave symptom. It irritates and bruises the delicate tissue of the throat and lungs. It nicely makes everything ready for the germs of consumption.

If you have consumptive tendencies, care should be taken. Fortify your system so that you will not continually be troubled with a cough.

We are sure nothing will do this for you better than Vinol. Vinol, unlike other cod liver oil preparations, does not upset the stomach, and does taste delicious.

F. H. Baxter, of 84 Green Street, Charlestown, says: "I had a terrible cough, and was troubled with night sweats. I took Vinol, wine of cod liver oil. It is positively wonderful. Its taste is delicious. It did not upset my stomach, and has done me good more quickly than cod liver oil or other remedies which I have taken in past years."

This is only one case of many. We know Vinol will help any one subject to coughs and colds. So sure are we of this that we will guarantee the action of Vinol, and will return the money to any one who, after giving it a fair trial, is not perfectly satisfied.

WILSON HOUSE DRUG STORE

WILSON HOUSE BLOCK.

DEVOURS LIKE FIRE.

THE WONDERFUL EFFECTS PRODUCED BY FLUORINE.

The Diamond Only Able to Absolutely Resist This Powerful Solvent—Researches Into the Nature of a Hitherto Poorly Known Chemical Element.

The alchemists of the middle ages believed that somewhere in the universe was to be found a universal solvent which would dissolve the most refractory substances as readily as water dissolves sugar. They named their solvent liquor alkahest, and what time they could spare from the search after the elixir of life and the philosopher's stone was spent in the endeavor to obtain it. Science has yet to prove, by the way, that there was not more method in the madness of the alchemists than is generally supposed, for in the remarkable substance fluorine chemists possess material that approximates very closely to a universal solvent. Its chemical energy is so fierce that, except gold and platinum, nothing can resist it, and even gold and platinum succumb to fluorine in time. The mere contact of most substances with fluorine is sufficient to cause not mere solution, but light, flame and fierce detonations. Dull, inert flint takes fire when exposed to fluorine vapor and becomes a brilliant incandescent mass. Lampblack bursts into flame, while charcoal burns with bright scintillations. Only the diamond is able to resist this powerful solvent, to which it does not succumb even at high temperature. The similar element silicon, which can be obtained in a crystalline form closely resembling the diamond, gives a magnificent display in the presence of fluorine, the crystals becoming white hot and throwing showers of fiery spangles in all directions. The heat is so intense that the crystals melt, showing that their temperature has reached 1,200 degrees C.

Phosphorus combines fiercely with fluorine. Prussian blue, on account of the cyanogen it contains, burns with a beautiful pink flame; while from a crystal of iodine placed in fluorine vapor a heavy liquid distills with a pale flame. This liquid—an iodide of fluorine—etches glass, and if thrown into water hisses like hot iron. The last named metal becomes white hot when exposed to fluorine; even iron rust behaves in a similar manner. Nearly all metals are raised to vivid incandescence in a current of the gas, many appearing very beautiful, especially aluminium and zinc. If the latter be slightly warmed, it bursts into a white flame too dazzling to gaze at or describe.

Although it has been known in various states of combination for many years, having been first discovered by Schwankhardt of Nuremberg, in 1670, and rediscovered by Scheele in 1771, fluorine was not obtained as fluorine in the free state until about six years ago, when the French chemist Moissan succeeded in isolating it by employing a current of electricity from 26 or 28 Bunsen batteries. The current was passed through the compound of fluorine and hydrogen known as hydrofluoric acid, which is similar to hydrochloric acid. To improve the conductivity of the hydrofluoric acid it was necessary to dissolve another fluorine compound in the liquid. As will readily be imagined, it is not so difficult to obtain free fluorine as to keep it when obtained. Every part of the apparatus used by M. Moissan was made of platinum, with screw joints and washers of lead, which swell on contact with fluorine, all the stoppers being of fluorspar. Fluorine has a powerful affinity for silicon, one of the principal constituents of glass, so that it was impossible to use glass vessels or tubes to contain the gas.

As regards the chemical nature of fluorine, it is a gas at ordinary temperature and is the lightest member of the series of elements containing chlorine, bromine and iodine. The attraction of fluorine for hydrogen exceeds that of chlorine and is so great that if a slow current of fluorine gas be passed into a tube of fluorspar containing a drop of water a dark fog is produced, which changes presently to a blue vapor consisting of ozone—the condensed form of oxygen. The last named substance appears to be one of the few materials which has no affinity for fluorine. Nothing is observed to take place between them even when they are heated up to 1,000 degrees F.

So far all experiments had been conducted with fluorine gas, which, at the time it was isolated, resisted all attempts to reduce it to the liquid state. Six years ago, however, there was no laboratory—such as that at the Royal institution—having powerful machinery for producing liquid air or liquid oxygen at the command of the investigator. In fact, liquid air itself was practically unknown. By the aid of this weapon Professors Dewar and Moissan have succeeded in liquefying fluorine. At the extremely low temperature of liquid oxygen it was found that fluorine did not attack glass, and it was possible to use glass vessels to hold the newly liquefied element. —C. F. Townsend in Knowledge.

A Tough Route.

"Somewhere in the south," says Congressman Sulloway, "a bright colored boy appeared before the civil service commission to be examined for the position of letter carrier. 'How far is it from the earth to the moon?' was the first question asked by those who were to determine the young man's fitness for the place he sought. 'How fah am it from the earf to de moon?' echoed the applicant. 'My Lawd, boss, if you's gwine to put me on dat route I don't want de job.' With that the young man grabbed his hat and left as though he were chased."

In the Japanese match factories the boxes and labels are made by little girls, who are wondrously dexterous in the work. These little experts get from 1 to 5 cents for 12 hours' work.

A Bachelor's Solace.

Across the way a taper gleams
All through the long, dark night.
I joy to see those steady beams—
They make my vigil bright.

No boom of Cupid, understand,
Brings gladness to my cup.
There dwells my wedded rival, and
Her baby keeps him up.

—Chicago Record.

Didn't Speak.

First Deaf Mute (with fingers)—Jigson did not speak when he passed by.

Second Deaf Mute—He couldn't. He froze his fingers last night. — Syracuse Herald.

INDIGESTION is the failure of the stomach to properly digest the food, and is the cause of more misery and distress than any other disease. It presents all grades of severity, from a condition where only certain articles of diet cause distress to a condition where the simplest food causes intense agony, and is rejected by the stomach. If unrelieved, this dangerous disease undermines the constitution, destroys the will and nervous power, causes emaciation and weakness, and ruins the health. There are pains in the side, nausea, sometimes vomiting, distress after taking food, constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and flatulence. To promptly relieve and permanently cure Indigestion, as well as all other troubles of the Stomach, Liver and Bowels, use

SEMIT TABLETS.

Bellevue Hospital Remedy. Try them. 10c., 25c., 50c., of all druggists, or by mail of Semit Chemical Co., Brockton, Mass.

BONAPARTE'S DAUGHTER.

The Princess Charlotte Spent Many Happy Months In America.

"Queen Julie never joined her husband, Joseph Bonaparte, the fugitive king of Spain, in this country," writes William Perrine in The Ladies' Home Journal, "but late in 1821 their daughter, the vivacious young Princess Charlotte, determined to console her father in his exile. She arrived at Philadelphia in the ship Ruth and Mary, commanded by Captain Mickle. The ship's wharf was covered with a crowd anxious to see her. Only 19 years old, of highly animated temperament and delighted at the ending of the 40 days' voyage, the young girl was in an ecstasy of pleasure. She waved her fur bonnet at the persons on the wharf with such careless delight that it fell from her hands over the ship's rail and into the river. In her transport of enthusiasm she snatched Captain Mickle's hat from his head, gayly placed it on her own and saluted her admirers anew.

"Joseph was highly pleased with Charlotte, whom he had not seen since she was 18, and tried to give her as much compensation as he could for the pleasures of the continental life she had left behind. He took her to Long Branch and Saratoga, but he soon discovered that her chief taste was for painting. At the old gallery of the Academy of Fine Arts in Philadelphia were exhibited several studies and landscapes from her brush."

A Near View of Kipling.

Imagine a short, thickset man, with full figure and round, ruddy face, dressed with absolute style and cleanliness, but without apparent taste. That is Kipling as his Brattleboro friends know him. He is scrupulously exact in his dress, appearing at noon lunch and evening dinner in equally careful costume. His habits of work seem, from the outside at least, to be rather irregular. He walks much about the country and in the woods, drives often and seems always to have leisure. One is as apt to see him in the city, three miles from his hillside home, Naulahka, in the middle of the forenoon or early in the morning as at any other time, until it is evident that his literary work takes no regularly prescribed period of the day. Evenings are usually reserved for his family and the few friends he has in Brattleboro, and it may be taken for certain that not much work comes from his pen except during the day. This is Kipling two or three years ago. What he is today, crowned with still more conspicuous laurels, no one in America perhaps knows outside the immediate family. —Springfield Republican.

New Monte Carlo Dress Rules.

A recent Paris dispatch says the Monte Carlo casino authorities are making what patrons call ridiculous new regulations.

The latest is that no man shall be allowed to enter the rooms with turned up trousers, as they might be used for dropping money into. A well known and well dressed English baronet was refused admittance the other day because he had on a colored shirt with a blue collar. The authorities got such a strong letter on the subject from an Englishman who lives in the neighborhood that they made profuse apologies.

Fweddy's Blunder.

He hurriedly dressed and went down town
Wearing a gorgeous Teck,
But he saw as he glanced in a looking glass
That in his haste he had put, alas,
A cuff around his neck!

—Chicago Tribune.

And Every Other Day.

Bill—Are you afraid to do anything on Friday?

Jill—Yes; I'm afraid to talk back to my wife on Friday.—Yonkers Statesman.

Supplying the Facts.

She—How long has your friend been bald?

He—He was born that way.

She—Indeed!—Chicago Record.

An Impecunious Lover.

He pressed his suit with all the words
That Webster's Unabridged contains—
He pressed it 'cause he had no cash
To pay a tailor for his pains.

No. 3.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

{SEAL.} A. W. GLEASON, *Notary Public.*

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Jewelry Store.

If you Want Anything in This Line Call and See Me. I Can and I Will Save You Money.

A Complete Line.

White, The Jeweler's

80 MAIN STREET.

Collectors Notice.

Williamstown, Mass., March 4, 1899.

The owners and occupants of the following named parcels of real estate situate in the town of Williamstown, in the county of Berkshire and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and the public are hereby notified that the taxes therein severally assessed for the years hereinafter specified according to the lists committed to me as collector of taxes for said town by the assessors of taxes remain unpaid and that said parcels of real estate will be offered for sale at public auction on the premises herein described, the Maple street sale being first. The Linden street sale second in said Williamstown, on Saturday the first day of April, 1899 at ten of the clock in the forenoon for the payment of said taxes with costs and charges thereon unless the same shall previously be discharged.

First—Lot number thirty, on the northerly side of Maple street, so called taxed to Zelotus F. Beverly, 1897, $60.31; 1898, $23.80.

Second parcel—Lots number forty-nine and fifty, and lot bounded northerly by Linden street, southerly by land of Cole, easterly by land of Williamstown Manufacturing company corporation, and westerly by land of Field. All on said Linden street. Also on said street parcel bounded northerly by land of Hall, easterly by land known as Sweet lot, southerly by said Linden street, and westerly by land of Paige. Taxed to Zelotus F. Beverly, viz: 1896 balance, $106.46; 1897, $149.71; 1898, $145.76.

DANIEL J. NEYLAND,
Collector.



FUR CLUSTER SCARFS. STORM COLLARS. COLLARRETTES, CAPES. COATS. MUFFS. CAPS. GLOVES. ROBES. TRIMMINGS. Etc., made in our shops, under our our own supervision, from skins of our own selection, are what we offer you.

THESE GOODS ARE WHAT HAVE MADE OUR REPUTATION.

Sealskin Sacques and Capes

Of the styles and qualities that have made our house famous, are awaiting your inspection.

Owing to increased facilities we can remodel and repair Seal Jackets, etc. from two to three weeks time.

Cotrell and Leonard,

472 to 478 Broadway. N. Y.

BUSINESS CARDS.

MILLINERY.
MRS. E. B. GERMAIN.
Fashionable Millinery, Gloves and ... sets of all kinds. No. 4 Union stre... O'Brien block, up one flight.

UNDERTAKERS.
SIMMONS & CARPENTER.
Furnishing Undertakers. No 29 ... Eagle street, North Adams, Mass

LIVERIES.
FORD & ARNOLD.
Livery and Feed stables. Single and double teams. Coaches for funerals and weddings. Four or six-horse teams for large or small parties. 72 Main street. Telephone 245-13.

J. H. FLAGG.
Livery, Sale and Boarding Stable. Main street, opposite the Wilson house, North Adams Nice coaches for weddings, parties and funerals. First-class single horses and carriages at short notice on reasonable terms. Also village coach to and from all trains. Telephone connections.

J. COON.
City Cab service. J. Coon will run a first-class cab to all parts of the city from 1 p. m. to 1 a. m Telephone 123-2.

CARRIAGES.
EDMUND VADNAIS.
Carriage and Wagon Builder. Manufacturer of light carriages, sleighs and business and heavy wagons, made to order at short notice. All work warranted as represented. Repairing in all its branches at reasonable terms. Dealer in all kinds of factory wagons and carriages, harnesses, robes and blankets. Center street, rear of Blackinton block.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

PHYSICIANS.
C. W. WRIGHT, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. New Bank Block, Main street. Attending Eye and Ear Surgeon at hospital Formerly clinical assistant at Central London Eye hospital, also assistant Surgeon at New York Throat and Nose hospital. Glasses properly fitted.

C. C. HENIN, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, Postoffice block. Bank street. Specialist in the diseases of children and women. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 1 to 3 and 6 to 8 p. m.

N. M. CROFTS, M. D.
Physician and Surgeon. Diseases of the stomach and intestines a specialty. Also analytical and microscopical laboratory work. Office, New Sullivan Block, Main street. Night calls at the office, up one flight.

DENTISTS.
JOHN J. F. McLAUGHLIN, D. D. S.
Dental Parlors, Collins Block, Main street. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Teeth extracted without pain. Office hours, 8.30 to 12 a. m., 2 to 6 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m.

CIVIL ENGINEER.
F. B. LOCKE.
Member American Society Civil Engineers. Surveys, plans and estimates. 89 Main street, North Adams.

ARCHITECT.
ARTHUR G. LINDLEY.
Practical Architect, 8 Church street, Williamstown, Mass. Plans and Specifications furnished at reasonable prices Call at office or communicate by mail, Prompt attention.

ARCHITECTS and ENGINEERS.
LAPOINTE & BOND.
Main office, State Mutual Building, Worcester, Mass. Branch office, Boland block, 66 Main street, North Adams, Mass.

INSTRUCTION.
ELIZABETH E. BOYD.
Teacher of Violin. Address, 72 Marshall street.

Wm. H. Bennett
FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.
ADAMS NATIONAL BANK BLDG.
NORTH ADAMS, MASS.
AGENT FOR
Queens Ins. Co. of America of N. York
Connecticut Fire Ins. Co. of Hartford
Manchester Fire Ass. Co. of England
Northw'tern Nat. Ins. Co. of Milwaukee
Prussian Nat Ins Co. of Germany

NOTICE.

The commissioner of public works will be at his office each week day from 1.30 to 3 p. m. J. L. TEMPLE.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
Berkshire, ss. Superior Court.
February 24, A. D. 1899

JACOB M. FRANK, Plaintiff,
vs.
LEWIS ABRAMS, Defendant and Tr.

This is an action of contract to recover $500 as by writ on file, dated the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1898

It now appearing, upon the suggestion of the Plaintiff's counsel and on the inspection of the Officer's return, that the service of the writ in this case was defective and insufficient, and that no personal service was made upon the said Lewis Abrams, Defendant.

It is now Ordered that the Plaintiff give notice to the said Lewis Abrams, Defendant of the pendency of this action, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in the North Adams Transcript, a public newspaper printed at North Adams, in the County of Berkshire, and State of Massachusetts, once in each week, three weeks successively, the last publication to be at least thirty days before the first Monday of May next, or by causing the Defendant to be served with an attested copy of this order fourteen days at least before the first Monday of April next, that he may then and there appear and take upon himself the defence of this action

And that proceedings in this action be postponed until notice shall be given to the said Lewis Abrams, Defendant, agreeably to this order.

FRANK H. CANDE, Clerk.

A True Copy—Attest,
FRANK H CANDE, CLERK.

FOR SALE.

House and lot 41 West Main street. Inquire of

JAMES KEEGAN,
41 Main Street.

Sweet Cider For Sale.

A large quantity of Sweet Cider of the finest quality. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Address

RICHARD BRIGGS,
150 South Church Street.
North Adams, Mass.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Transcript

DAILY—Issued every afternoon (except Sunday) at 4 o'clock; 12 cents a week, 50 cents a month. $6 a year.

WEEKLY—Issued every Thursday morning; $1 a year in advance.

A. W. HARDMAN,

The Transcript Building, Bank Street, North Adams, Mass.

I know not what record of sin awaits r in the other world; but this I do know, that I never was so mean as to despise a man because he was poor, because he was ignorant, or because he was black.

—John A. Andrew.

MEMBERS ASSOCIATED PRESS

The latest telegraphic dispatches from all parts of the world are received exclusively by the Transcript up to the hour of going to press.

"WE HOLD THE WESTERN GATEWAY"

From seal of the city of North Adams.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MAR. 11, '99

ADVERTISERS in The Transcript are the best business men in this community. Their advertisements are worth readi .. and they are the firms with whom to trade most advantageously.

The Transcript's readers outnumber those of any other paper circulated here 8 to 1. Ask your newsdealer or newsboy. Advertisers are so pleased with the Transcript's very superior advertising service that they cheerfully pay its materially higher rates. Many are increasing their amount of space and some use the Transcript exclusively. Merchants frankly endorse the Transcript.

ASTOUNDING STATEMENT AND INSINUATION.

The Evening Herald of this city printed the following last night from the Adams Freeman:

"The dastardly act of the vandal who broke into the Transcript office at North Adams, last Friday morning, and wilfully smashed the type-setting machines there, deserves all that the law provides for such outrageous conduct and a little more. It is to be hoped that the reward offered by Mr. Hardman may be the means of bringing the guilty party or parties to justice, and that it will be awarded to them in liberal doses."

The Evening Herald then made the following comment:

"But the machines were not "mashed," only out of adjustment, for an expert put both in running order in about an hour. The Linotype machine requires care, attention and skillful handling, and minus these they are always out of good running order. The fact that they were not "mashed" is pretty good evidence that some "vandal" did not break into the building and "dismantle" the machines as alleged. But the $50 reward was a good bluff from a sympathetic standpoint."

Our information about the distressful condition of W. R. Sanford's newspaper has been preparing us to expect almost any kind of desperate outbreak, but we were wholly unprepared for such unblushing apology for crime and such an impugning of motives as are contained in the passage we print from the Herald. We feel impelled to say this to the public, though we believe the public as well as ourselves have a correct understanding of the character of the newspaper which has, in this instance, surpassed all its former wantonness in defamation. It may be wondered why we think it necessary to speak in defense of ourselves because of any attack that may be found on the pages of the Evening Herald. We need to make explanation. The greatest liar cannot help but tell the truth by times and the more astounding the story is that he relates the more likelihood is there of his being believed, for so established has his character become that minor statements from his mouth are accepted as the falsehoods they are sure to be the very moment they fall from his lips. It is our application of the truth there is in this that moves us to submit to the fair-minded people of this community the statement in full the Evening Herald has printed concerning us. If we allowed this statement to pass unnoticed we should fear some honest man might actually believe it. Few honest men are prepared to witness in a palpable untruth so flagrant a disregard for all that manhood respects. The contemptible slander is daring enough to influence credence for it.

We are in a position to make a comparison with this apology for crime and dastardly impugning of motives, and we can make that comparison without being chargeable with seeking after personal approval. The scurrilous "City Ticket" has not passed from the memory of the people of this city and vicinity. When that ticket was circulated The Transcript had sympathy for Editor Sanford and opened its columns in an attempt to find means to trace the publishers of the defamatory leaflet. The Transcript did not put itself in league with crime nor insinuate against Mr. Sanford. There is one thing of which we have just reason to be proud and it is that, during all the changeful history of the Transcript, the paper never has been known to offend against law or decency nor has it ever attempted to filch a man's good name.

New telephone companies and new trusts are springing up more rapidly than spring flowers.

The sympathy for Margaret Cody, who was found guilty of blackmailing the Goulds, is for the old woman and cannot be for the criminal of 15 years record in crime. Margaret Cody wasn't so old when she first dreamed of sharing the Gould millions by destroying the Gould character. Sympathy given to Margaret Cody is sympathy wasted.

City Solicitor Crosby of Pittsfield has rendered an opinion which is adverse to the appropriating of public money for the kindergarten association in that city. If there is anything of public benefit that is not actually a public institution to which public money might be given it is surely the kindergarten. But Solicitor Crosby is right; public money must not go to private concerns.

Agoncillo, the Jonah of the steamship Labrador, who missed the whale and is now in London, says he was informed in Washington by a high American official that his life was in danger. The little nut-brown fool, with black trimmings, nobody would think of killing him, but a good many were of the opinion that he was being given too much liberty to wag his decietful and disturbing tongue.

Dr. E. E. Hale, Dr. Trueblood, E. D. Mead and some others will have to take Professor Sumner in hand. Mr. Sumner is so cynical and skeptical as to express his doubt of the Czar's sincerity in issuing his peace proposal. He intimates very shrewdly that if the Czar wanted to get time to build his Siberian railway and complete his grip on China nothing would accord better with his purposes than holding up the other European nations and leading them to delay armament. Professor Sumner evidently endorses not only the rhyme and measure but the spirit of Adam Zad.—Boston Record.

Massachusetts should be proud of Mrs. Fanny B. Ames, inspector of factories. Her testimony yesterday before the industrial commission at Washington shows Mrs. Ames to be a careful and intelligent observer, one who delights in the unapproached standards of her state and a woman with a true woman's mind and heart. When the question was put to her she said it was "ungenerous in men to assume that women in factories and stores were immoral." "They are generally exceptionally moral," she continued, "and most of them will be found supporting dependent members of their own families." Fortunately the men whom Mrs. Ames had in mind are not of a very large or desirable class. They are of the sinister, prurient type and read immorality in every comely face they see. Some of these men get into pretty high places and into very respectable company and do irreparable injury with their vile tongues. The suspicions of their lustful minds are circulated as thruths to the great wrong of those they may choose to talk about. The conventionalism of the drawing rooms of the rich is not found at the mill bench or machine, but virtue and character are found there and they are all the more lovely because of the dangers through which they pass.

There are times when the momentum of the deeper things in a man carry him beyond the speed and limit that would be set for him by ideas that have mixed themselves in his thinking machinery. A peculiar proof of this is afforded by Patrick A. Collins, who in eloquently endorsing the czar's peace rescript and arguing against war as a developer of courage, declared: "No, gentlemen; no. No war is necessary to produce that quality which we as men have, in common with the brute—mere physical courage. That never will be wanting to any of the Anglo-Saxon race, so long as they hold to their present high ideals." The distinguished Mr. Collins must turn a very bloody hue in the face if he happens to read his own words and grasp their meaning. We'll never want brute force so long as we hold to our high ideals! No, and we'll very quickly lose our ideals when we lose the force The stock of ideals we have was won by force and fed on blood. And the thing is so deeply rooted in human nature that there will never be a good Anglo-Saxon or any other good kind of man who will hesitate to strike a blow, even a fatal one, when his conception of right gives him warrant to strike.

Unanswered.

"Is that God's ribbon in the sky
To tie the worlds together?"
A sweet child asked
On seeing nature's rainbow-belt
Worn after rainy weather,
"Or is it some of heaven's light
A-peeking though the floor
Or at an open door;
I wish I knew,
Don't you?"

She paused a moment,
Wondered, thought,
Then, with a long-drawn sigh,
Was heard the old, old cry,
"I wish God told us more,
Don't you?"
—Elizabeth Porter Gould.

Seen and Heard.

The difference between the good little boy and the bad little boy in snow ball season is that the good little boy gives the man with the silk hat time to get far enough past to furnish fair range for the snow ball, while the bad little boy "plunks" it at him as soon as his back is turned.

* * * *

The people who stop their teams in the middle of the street to see the fire apparatus go by will some day be lamenting that they "didn't know it was loaded."

* * * *

Whatever else may be said of it, the fact remains that the Central Labor union is the most vigorous up-to-date organization in the city along the lines of public welfare. Whether or not its action is always wise, it at least discusses local questions of general interest and learns to understand them fully while they are fresh.

Among business men there is just at present an air of expectancy, in regard to the coming weeks, and most of them are anticipating very decidedly better times. The past few months have been hard ones for the business men, although all have suffered, and any relief will be hailed with delight. Money is cheap, the print works are running well, the woolen mills are brightening, and the shoe industry is approaching its busier season. People who have been hoarding what money they have had in the banks during the period when there was little certainty of the future, will begin to invest it outside again, putting it in circulation. The real estate men are especially confident of a better season than for some time, and they are very clever judges, while the anticipation is shared by nearly every one who has watched the course of events in the business world.

* * * *

A merchant was commenting the other day on the changed business conditions in North Adams as regards the relations of the merchant and customer. "Time was," he said, "when trading was sort of a social affair, same as it is in the country today. This place was a town then. I knew every customer who came into my store; could call him by name and remember whether his babies had had the measles yet. Now! I don't suppose I know even by sight two out of ten of the customers who come into this store. North Adams is a city now."

* * * *

Attending police court isn't the most refined recreation in the world, although sometimes there are very pretty incidents there. But there are some very pathetic ones. There's nothing much sadder than an occasional farewell between a prisoner as he is led away by the officers to be taken to Pittsfield and his wife. She may have sat in the spectators' seats on the other side of the court room, alternating her anxious gaze betwen her prisoner husband and the judge. The announcement of the sentence affects her more than it does the prisoner himself, and her farewell when court is over is one that would seemingly do more towards reformation than the imprisonment itself.

* * * *

Too often, however, if the wife appears in court at all, it is sadly evident that the parting is merely an incident of daily life, not so unusual as to be notable. "So long for 30 days" is what is looked, if not said.

* * * *

A court official has observed that a much larger proportion now than formerly of the "drunks" who come up in court are forced to go to Pittsfield on account of inability to pay the fines. And it is noticeable that in the winter time the number of cases of drunkenness is less than in summer. When the weather is warm a pint bottle is as good as a whole bar room, and the imbibing goes on merrily after 11 o'clock at night. But in the winter, the closing of the saloons means the end of drinking for the average mortal.

COMMUNICATION.

Appreciation of Kipling.

Editor of the Transcript:

Allow me to thank you for your appreciation of Kipling in your recent editorial. May I add just a word? There is one feature of his work of special interest, perhaps, to this community which merits recognition.

Those who, last December, heard the lecture of President G. Stanley Hall on adolescence, will recollect his emphatic statement that the gravest symptom possible, needing the most heroic treatment, was the loss of all enthusiasm on the part of growing boy or girl. The "don't care" attitude, the impossibility of rousing interest in any direction was, he affirmed, at least the precursor if not the evidence of a train of evils, physical or moral.

Like the untrained child, whose plaint is "What shall I do next?" We are most of us dependent on some stimulus from outside to furnish something "interesting" for our leisure moments. Poor Mother Eve! if only she might have had a kindergarten training to interpret to her the wonders hid in the budding and growing garden instead of imagingning everything made by wholesale, just as it was, for her benefit, why, she might have deferred indefinitely, in the wealth of interesting sensations about her, the one forbidden sensation. I seem to have wandered from my text, but I have in reality just arrived at it: you call Kipling a Seer, and rightly. We poor dim-visioned mortals think the daily round a hum-drum affair; the seer interprets the things of everyday, compelling us to admit how full our short lives are crammed with wonders, so that we can only pick and choose in our new eagerness to enjoy them all. Is not this attitude of eager delight in life far more attractive than the opposite one of blase indifference, on the assumption that all our life has been found vanity? We have had with us in this community two men who pre-eminently showed this eager zest and relish for all that life had to offer. Dr. Coyle's name will of course recur to everyone's thought; and, though he was here for but few all-too-brief evenings, the late Profesor Peck, of Williams college, was another of the same type; as those who heard his lectures will recognize.

Just such a type of man is Kipling, with wondrous power to convince the whole English-speaking world of the truth and sanity of his attitude, and so he is a Seer—a prophet of the Lord.

Had we, on behalf of ourselves and the children of our race, added to the Litany the petition from "From such 'assaults of the devil' as the 'decadent' type of literature, Good Lord deliver us," we should by this time have recognized the answer to our prayer in that we have had sent us in our own day, two "men from the Lord;" and the name of the first was Robert Louis Stevenson, and the name of the other, whom we are so thankful to keep with us still, is Rudyard Kipling; and his power is great because, in his own grandly simple words, he believes "It is enough that through Thy grace I saw naught common on Thy earth."

ANNIE B. JACKSON.

North Adams, Mass., March 9, 1899.

A Lack of Evidence.

Bridgeoprt, Conn., March 11.—Lizzie Rinko, the servant in the family of Joseph Ciglar, who has been held since last fall pending an investigation into her guilt for the alleged murder of her employer's child, Louis Ciglar, was yesterday released by State Attorney Fessenden, there being, in the latter's opinion, insufficient evidence to warrant trying the woman for murder. The child died from poisoning, and Lizzie was the last one seen with the child. She had been notified that very day of her discharge, and it was thought she had planned the crime out of revenge.

OUTLINED BY CANNON.

Chairman of Appropriations Gives High Praise to Last Congress.

Presents Another Batch of Interesting Figures.

Thinks the Nation Will Not Part With Territory Acquired From Spain.

Washington, March 11.—Chairman Cannon of the committee on appropriations has prepared for The Congressional Record an extended statement of the appropriations made by the Fifty-fifth congress.

The chairman places the total appropriations for the entire congress at $1,566,890,016, and the appropriations authorized for future congresses under the continuing contract system for battleships, river and harbor improvements and public buildings at $70,000,000. The total appropriations made at the last session Mr. Cannon places at $673,658,400, showing an apparent reduction of $219,573,214 below the appropriations of the preceding session. Mr. Cannon attributed this reduction to the extraordinary war expenses of the preceding session. Of the total appropriations for the congress, he says that the sum of $482,562,083 is directly chargeable to the war with Spain. He thus shows that the ordinary expenditures for the two years covered by the congress were $1,044,580,273, and this sum exceeds the total appropriation of the Fifty-fourth congress by $38,746,658. This excess is accounted for as follows:

For payment of pensions, $3,875,200; for the postal service to meet the increased demands of commerce, $16,619,581; for river and harbor improvements, $3,401,128; for constructing new ships, $6,080,838; for beginning the work of the 12th census, $1,000,000; for the Paris exposition, $1,210,000; for new public buildings, $5,000,000; for the payment of judgments against the government under the Bowman act, and for the French spoliations, $3,100,768. Total, $40,287,516.

Mr. Cannon congratulates congress and the country upon this showing, and also upon the fact that, notwithstanding the war, close attention was given to the ordinary expenditures of the government which is, he thinks, unusual. He cites the defeat of the provision for the construction of the Nicaragua canal, which the senate attempted to get through in connection with the sundry civil appropriation bill, as an instance of the success of this watchfulness on the part of the house.

"If," he says on this point, "the senate bill or any measure proposed had been enacted, the United States would have paid $5,000,000 for a worthless concession and would have been committed by law to the construction of a canal along the Nicaragua route and under such conditions it would have been compelled before we threw a spadeful of earth, or in any way began actual construction, to hvae acquired by treaty from Nicaragua and Costa Rica the territory where to construct the canal and the right to construct it. Such legislation would have delayed and embarrassed the construction of an isthmian canal. The United States cannot afford to enter upon this great work unless it has acquired by treaty a zone of territory whereon to construct the same.

"Fortunately the house of representatives resisted the proposed legislation and the contest between the senate and house resulted finally in the only practical provision possible, viz., the appropriation of $1,000,000 to enable the president to make full and complete investigation of the isthmus with a view to the future construction of a canal across the same, particularly the Panama and Nicaraguan routes, and to report to congress the result with his recommendations in the premises."

Referring in a general way to the legislation of the congress, Mr. Cannon says:

"During the whole of the four years covered by Mr. Cleveland's second administration, the material and industrial condition of the country was calamitous, and its contemplation does not bring satisfaction to any American citizen. But the Fifty-fifth congress, beginning with the administration of William McKinley and promptly called in extraordinary session as promptly enacted legislation which has yielded the additional revenues needed to pay the ordinary expenses of the government, and has at the same time protected American labor. With the enactment of that legislation hope and confidence struck hands and the condition of the whole country improved and has continued to improve from that time to the present. Labor is now universally employed with increased wage, and with such employment the means are supplied for increased consumption.

"In addition, without taking time to discuss in detail the causes that led thereto, congress declared war against Spain; and the prompt and decisive successes of the army and navy upon land and sea have never been equalled anywhere in history. The great expenditures rendered necessary by the war required the enactment of additional revenue legislation, and that legislation is now bringing into our treasury an addit.onal $100,000,000 per annum.

"The vast increase of the navy and the creation of an army of a quarter of a million men, together with the increase of taxation, have not in any appreciable degree checked our industrial advance which began coincidentally with the incoming of the present administration and the Fifty-fifth congress."

Mr. Cannon declined to enter upon the present discussion of future legislation, saying:

"I prefer rather to await the logic of events and the full information that will doubtless come, as I hope, between now and the organization in December next of the newly elected congress. But I venture the assertion and prediction that the United States could not, if it would, and would not, if it could, part with the territories acquired from Spain by the treaty of peace, or shirk its duties and responsibilities touching them."

Ability Recognized

Washington, March 11.—The name of Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador here, has been under consideration for some time as one of the British delegates to the disarmament congress, called at the instance of the czar, and there is little doubt that he will be chosen for this important duty. As yet, however, there has been no official announcement, and about the only thing definitely known here is that the foreign office has not made a final selection, but is considering the name of Sir Julian along with others.

PROTEST WITHDRAWN.

Russia Will Allow Carrying Out of the Hong Kong Contract

For the Construction of a Line In Northern China.

British Diplomacy Triumphs In What Threatened to Be a Serious Affair.

Pekin, March 11.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says that as a result of negotiations between Russia and Great Britain the Russian minister here has withdrawn his protest against the Hong Kong contract.

The Hong Kong contract against which Russia has withdrawn its protest is identical with the Niu-Chwang contract. The Russian minister's protest was against clause 6 of the Niu-Chwang railway extension agreement, under which $11,500,000 of British capital has been raised "with the knowledge of her majesty's government." A further protest by the same zealous diplomatist was made against clause 3. Clause 6 directly bears upon some of the most important conditions on which the loan has been made. It includes the provision that the chief engineer during the currency of the loan shall be a British subject, and the provision that a European railway accountant shall be appointed with full powers to organize and direct the keeping of the railway accounts, and these are the officials who are to act with the administrator general in the supervision of receipts and expenses.

In other words, it prescribes the composition of the body which is to have the handling of the cash, and it declares that two out of the three members of that body must be Europeans, and that one of them must be English. Hu Yu Fen, who was administrator general when the loan was sanctioned, and who enjoyed in a special degree the confidence of the British negotiators, has been dismissed, though it is satisfactory to learn that he has been acquitted on the charges trumped up against him by his enemies.

The Russian protest against this part of the agreement was aimed at the precautions designed to ensure the integrity of the railway administration. It was aimed, that is to say, at the moral security for the loan which is afforded by the arrangement that two of the most important officials of the railroad shall be Europeans, and that one shall be English. The protest against clause 3 carried the operation of sapping the security of the investors a step further. The character of the men who are to supervise the receipts and accounts is, as has been said, a moral guarantee. Not content with his attack on that, the successor of M. Pavloff went on to object to an important material guarantee. The line itself is not in any shape a security north of the Great Wall. On the 293 miles beyond that limit out of the 555 which form the entire railway the claim of the investing public is confined to the "earnings" of the undertaking.

Now M. de Giers said that China had no right to pledge even these earnings. The step, he declared, was a breach of the Russo-Chinese agreement, signed last May, as were the arrangements for the employment of a British engineer and of a European accountant. The Russian minister, in fact, proclaimed that some of the most essential terms of the loan, "arranged with the knowledge of her majesty's government," were in conflict with Russia's treaty rights.

It is clear that a very grave state of things could be created by this action if it could for a moment be supposed that these protests were made with the deliberate sanction and full weight of the Russian government. The history of the loan is fresh within the general recollection. The originla terms were not acceptable to Russia. They were modified in several respects to meet her views, though she had absolutely no title to interfere, and it is impossible to believe that the British government did not take measures to ascertain that the modifications fully met her objections before they allowed Thomas Sanderson's letter to appear in the prospectus. They were morally bound to the lender to see that the terms of the agreement they approved were fully carried out. They were bound to China by a dispatch sent to Claude MacDonald last July. Lord Salisbury read it out in the house of lords, and Mr. Curzon in the house of commons on Aug. 1. That dispatch authorized the British minister to inform China that England would support her in resisting any power which committed an act of aggression on her, "on account of her having granted permission to make or support any railway or public work to a British subject." The prime minister repeated and laid stress upon this assurance in his speech, and Claude MacDonald conveyed it to the Chinese government. The British government could not draw back from its obligations either to the investors in the loan or to China, and the Russian government must have been perfectly conscious that this was the case. Happily, they have not upheld the protests of M. de Giers His action has been disavowed, as M. Pavloff's was when he demanded Mr. Kinder's dismissal from the Chinese service a year ago.

AWARDED TO SMITH,

"Kid" Lavigne's Brother Interfered In the Fight at San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 11.—Billy Lavigne, brother of "Kid" Lavigne, jumped into the ring in the 14th round of the Smith-Lavigne fight last night, and Referee McDonald was forced to give the decision to Smith. The cause of Billy's action was the fact that George had received a couple of solid blows from Smith on the jaw, and was palpably rattled and somewhat groggy. Billy, when he jumped through the ropes, placed his arm around his brother's shoulder, declaring that he would never see George humiliated by a knockout. While Lavigne was getting the worst of the mixes in this round, he was not out of it, and might have stayed through had not his brother interfered. The fight was fast and vicious from the start. In the very beginning Smith violated the agreement not to strike in the clinches, fouling repeatedly. He was warned many times by the referee.

Story Not Verified.

Santiago, March 11.—It is reported here that the body of Captain Villalon, who commanded the Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Pluton, which was sunk in the destruction of Admiral Cervera's squadron, has been discovered in a sitting position in an armchair in a cave about a mile from El Morro, to the westward. Those who bring the news suggest that his sailors propped him in the chair when wounded, and then left him to his fate. For many days a careful search was made for Captain Villalon's remains, but nothing was ever found to indicate where or how he died. If there is any truth in the story and if the body is found it will be brought here for burial.

Harbinger of Spring

Boston, March 11.—The members of the Boston baseball team, with one exception, have been ordered to be ready next week for the southern trip, and all have responded that they are in good form. All of these players will go south, except Long and Lewis. Long is at Hot Springs, and has been granted permission to stay there until the championship season opens. His place in the club will be taken by Kuhns, who has been wintering at Freeport, Pa., and by Stafford. The makeup of the regular team will be exactly the same as it was last season.

Bully Stabbed to Death

Kansas City, March 11.—The Twenty-third Kansas volunteers, colored, en route to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., from Santiago, passed through Kansas City yesterday with one member of the regiment a prisoner. When a short distance out from St. Louis a soldier named Williams was stabbed to death by a comrade named Ray. Williams, who was known as the "bully of the regiment," had stirred up considerable trouble, finally assaulting Ray. Ray drew a knife and struck Williams in the breast, killing him instantly.

Not Identified.

Lowell, Mass., March 11.—Contrary to the report sent out yesterday, Officer Healey, who is suffering from wounds received last Sunday morning at the hands of unknown assailants, was unable to identify positively either Robert Vaughn, one of the suspects arrested after a desperate battle of revolvers with about 20 police officers, or his brother, Ollie, also arrested as a suspect. The police have no important evidence yet to connect either of them with the Healey affair.

A Late Blizzard.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 11.—One of the worst storms of the season raged here yesterday. Stockmen say this blizzard, following the extremely severe weather of the past six weeks, will undoubtedly cause very heavy losses in cattle and sheep. Concerning the range stock, some estimate the loss as high as 50 percent, but with stock growers, who still have hay to feed and shelter for the herds, the loss will not exceed 10 percent. The snow is drifting badly.

Waiting For Manufacturers.

Fall River, Mass., March 11.—Negotiations between capital and labor are at a standstill, because there is nothing more to adjust but the proposed sliding scale, and the labor leaders are waiting for suggestions from the manufacturers relating thereto. The city is feeling the influence of the coming raise in wages. There is little that is new in the cloth situation. The demand is very good, and all the trade symptoms are healthy.

The Handy Knife.

Boston, March 11.—A row among Italians at a house on Pitts street last night resulted in four arrests for assault and battery, while two of the parties, Tony Schentz and Tomasso Jonnossi, were so badly cut that they were taken to the hospital. No one seems able to tell how the row started.

Kipling Hears Bad News.

New York, March 11.—Mr. Kipling is still improving. Unable to keep Mr. Kipling in ignorance of Josephine's death, the news was broken to him last night by Dr. Dunham. The blow was a heavy one, but the father bore up bravely.

Lucky to Be Alive.

Leadville, Colo., March 11.—By ripping asunder a water pipe with dynamite communication has been established with Charles Reuss and Bert Frey, imprisoned in the Bonair mine through the caving of the shaft. Provisions have been lowered through the pipe. A new shaft will have to be sunk 75 feet before the men can be reached. The rescue will take about a week.

BOSTON STORE

WHITE SALE will continue all next week.

Boston Store, Blackinton Block

Do You Want a Nice Home At a Low Cost?

Look at No. 28, North Holden Street.
Look at No. 13, East Brooklyn Street.

Prices on these are away down, the terms liberal and there are others.

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GROCERIES AT . . . AUCTION . . .

I wish to dispose as soon as possible the entire stock of Groceries and Fixtures of the grocery store formerly conducted by Mr. Mahar in the

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And will until further notice sell at

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These goods. This is a chance to secure bargains in Groceries.

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Baker-Rose GOLD CURE Sanitarium

Of Massachusetts

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The Baker-Rose treatment for LIQUOR habit has proved its superiority over others, as shown by the number of relapses from other treatments, which WE HAVE CURED in Massachusetts alone we have treated and cured over one thousand during the past four years. Our specialty is the scientific treatment and CURE of LIQUOR, Opium, Morphine, Cocaine and Chloral habits. Correspondence and interviews strictly confidential.

Reliable References Furnished.

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Facts are Stubborn Things.

Wise People Will Investigate.

There has been so many facts brought before the people of North Adams in connection with Dr. Pfeiffer's work here, that it does not seem necessary to say much more to convince those who can be convinced.

The fact is he cures in many instances where others fail, which is principally due to his advanced methods. He treats all kind of chronic diseases, also removes tumors, cancers, birthmarks, moles, without the knife. Liquor, morphine and tobacco habits cured. He can be consulted free every week day at 66 Main street.

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TRAVELLER'S GUIDE.

NOTE—Corrected every month by the railroad companies and can be relied upon.

NORTH ADAMS POSTOFFICE.

General Delivery and Stamp Window open from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Carrier Window 7 p. m. to 8 p. m. 8.30 p. m. to 8.40 p. m.
Sunday open from 9.15 a. m. to 10.15 a. m. Money order and Register office opened from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

ARRIVE FROM

New York City, southern states and foreign—1.37, 8.25, and 10.00 a. m. 12.32, 4.31, 5.50 and 8.55 p. m.
Troy, New York state and the west—8.25, and 10.00 a. m., 12.39, 4.30, 7.00 and 8.55 p. m.
Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., Rhode Island, via Boston & Albany—1.37, 8.25 a. m., 12 m., 2.40, 5.50, and 8.55 p. m.
Boston, northern and eastern Mass. Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont and Canada, via Fitchburg railroad—4.52 a. m., 12.10 and 8.05 p. m.
Clarksburg—7.00 a. m.
Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 11.45 a. m.
Florida, Mass.—Tuesday and Saturday 1.30 p. m.

LEAVE FOR

New York city, southern states and foreign—6, 7.10, 9.05, 11.45 a. m., 12 m., 2.40 4.40, 7.45 and 11 p. m.
Troy, New York state and west—7.10, 9.05 a. m., 12 m., 2.40, 4.40, 7.45 and 11 p. m.
Pittsfield, southern Mass., Conn., R. I., via Boston & Albany railroad—6, 11.45 a. m., 2.40, 5 45 and 7.45 p. m.
Boston and eastern New England via B. & A. R. R., 6 a. m., and 5.45 p. m.
Boston, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, eastern Vermont and Canada, via F. R. R., 9.35 a. m., 12. 15, 4.10 and 11 p. m.
Clarksburg, Mass, 12.30 p. m.
Briggsville, Stamford, Hartwellville and Readsboro, Vt., 1.30 p. m.
Florida, Mass., Tuesday and Saturday 1 30 p. m.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE.

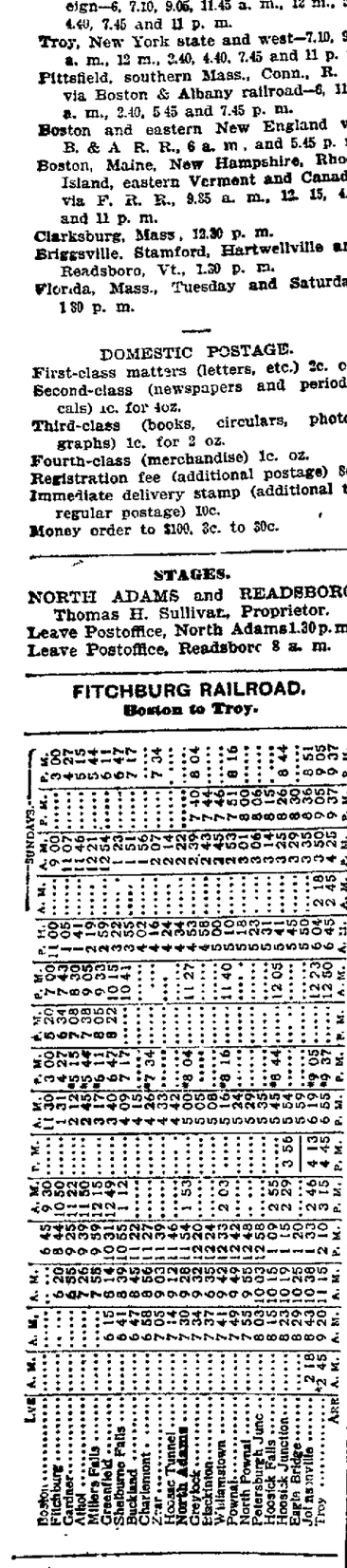
First-class matters (letters, etc.) 2c. oz.
Second-class (newspapers and periodicals) 1c. for 4oz.
Third-class (books, circulars, photographs) 1c. for 2 oz.
Fourth-class (merchandise) 1c. oz.
Registration fee (additional postage) 8c.
Immediate delivery stamp (additional to regular postage) 10c.
Money order to $100, 3c. to 30c.

STAGES.

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Thomas H. Sullivan, Proprietor.
Leave Postoffice, North Adams 1.30 p.m.
Leave Postoffice, Readsboro 8 a. m.

FITCHBURG RAILROAD.

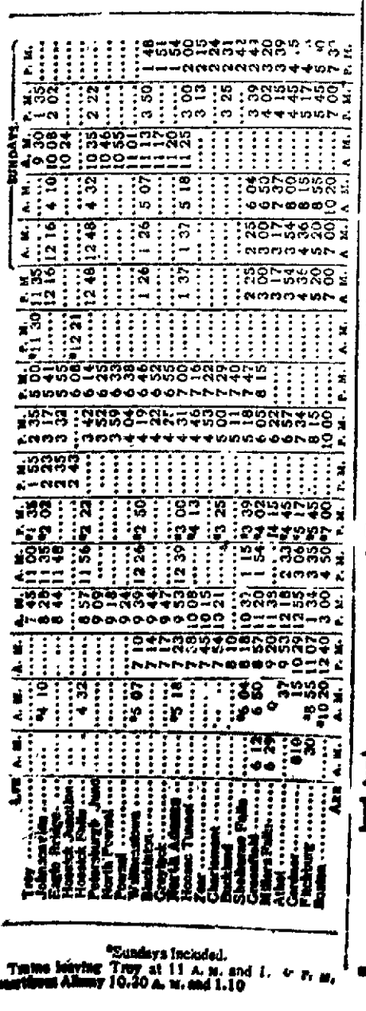
Boston to Troy.



*Sundays Included

Trains leaving Boston 9.30 A. M., 7 P. M., 11 P. M., run through to Albany, arriving 3.40 P. M., 1.15 and 7.15 A. M.

Troy to Boston.

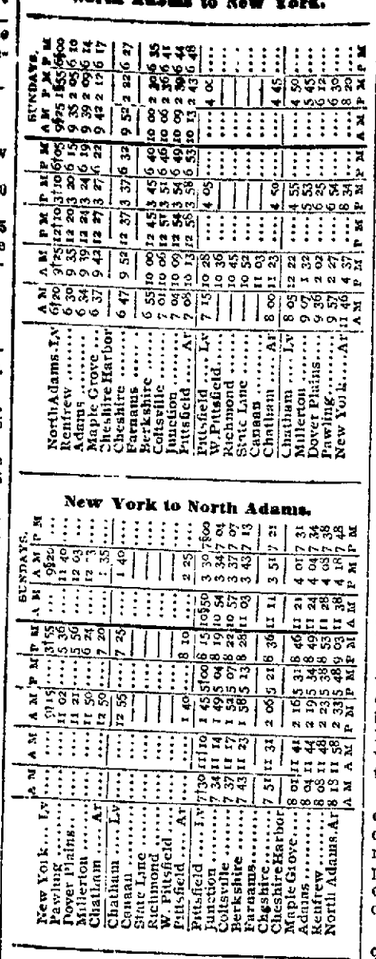


*Sundays Included.

Trains leaving Troy at 11 A. M. and 1. 0 P. M., reach Albany 10.30 A. M. and 1.10

BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD

North Adams to New York.



New York to North Adams.

Hoosac Valley Street Railroad.

ADAMS LINE.

Leave North Adams—7, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30, 11.05, 11.40, a. m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.08, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50 8.25, 9, 9.35, 10.15, a10.45, a11.20, p. m.

Leave Adams—5.30, 6.1., 7, 7.3., 8.10, 8.45, 9.2., 9.5., 10.30, 1. , 11. , a.m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.20, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.0, 4.55, 5.30 , 08, , 1 , 6.50, 7.25, 8, 9.35, 10.., a10.45 p. m.

a to barn only.

WILLIAMSTOWN LINE.

Leave North Adams—5.30, 5.45, 6.20, 7, 7 35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30 11.05, 11.40, a m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.08, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9, 9.35, 10.15, a10.45 p. m.

Leave Williamstown—6.20, 7, 7.35, 8.10, 8.45, 9.20, 9.55, 10.30. 11.05, 11.50, a. m., 12.15, 12.50, 1.25, 2, 2.35, 3.10, 3.45, 4.20, 4.55, 5.30, 6.00, 6.40, 7.15, 7.50, 8.25, 9, 9.35, 10.15, a10.45, p. m.

a to Blackinton only.

BEAVER LINE.

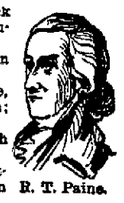
Leave Main street—6, 6.20, 6.40, 7, 7.15, 7.35, 7.52, 8.10, 8.28, 8.45, 9.08, 9.19, 9.37, 9.50, 10.12, 12.15, 12.32, 12.50, 1.08, 1.25, 1.43, 2, 2.18, 2.35, 2.53, 3.10, 3.28, 3.45, 4.02, 4.20 4.37, 4.55, 5.12, 5.30, 5.48, 6.03, 6.22, 6.40, 6.57, 7.15, 7.35, 7.50, 8.07, 8.24, 8.41, 9, 9.17, 9.35, 9.53, 10.15, 10.27, b10.45, a11.04.

Leave Beaver—c6.10, c6.28, c6.50, 7, 7.09, c7.28, 7.44, c8.01, 8.15, c8.37, 8.54, c9.11, 9.29, c9.46, 10.04, c10.21, 10.39, 10.57, 11.14, c11.31, 11.49; c12.04, 12.22, c12.46, 12.59, c1.17, 1.34, a. m., c12.04, 12.22, c12.41, 12.59, c1.17, 1.34, 1.52, 2.09, c2.27, 2.44, c3.02, 3.19, c3.37, 3.54, c4.11, 4.29, c4.46, 5.04, c5.21, 5.39, c6, 6.14, c6.31, 6.49, 7.06, 7.24, c7.., 7.50, c8.16, 8.33, c8.50, 9.09, c9.26, 9.44, c10.02, 10.19, c10.36, 10.54.

Where c is before time cars connect for Adams and Williamstown. Saturday and Sunday p. m. all cars connect with Beaver car.
b Last Beaver car.
a barn only.
Saturday and Sunday schedule.
On Saturday and Sunday afternoon commencing at 1 o'clock cars leave North Adams, Adams, Williamstown and Beaver every 20 minutes.

WM. T. NEARY, Supt.

THIS DATE IN HISTORY



B. T. Paine.

630—St. Sophronius, Greek Catholic patriarch of Jerusalem, died.
1544—Torquato Tasso, Italian poet, born; died 1595.
1731—Robert Treat Paine, "signer," born in Boston; died there 1814.
1800—Hannah Cowley, English dramatic writer, died.
1808—General Timothy Patrick Andrews died; born in Ireland 1794.
1874—Charles Sumner, statesman, died in Washington city; born in Boston 1811.
1838—Alexander Mikhailovitch Gortchakof, Russian prince and statesman, died; born 1798.
1862—A fire damp explosion in a mine near Charleroi, Belgium, entombed 214 miners, killing 158.
1895—Worth, the world famous dressmaker of Paris, died; born 1826.
1897—Professor Henry Drummond, noted author, died at Tunbridge Wells, England; aged 74.
1898—General William Starke Rosecrans, a noted soldier of the western army, died at Los Angeles; born 1823

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

—The annual meeting of the Congregational society will be held Monday evening.

—A special meeting of North Adams lodge, A. O. U. W., will be held in Odd Fellows' hall this evening at 8 o'clock to arrange for attending the funeral of T. M. Lucey.

—Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Cheesbro of 18 Liberty street entertained friends at whist last evening. The first prize was won by Mrs. Campbell and the consolation was taken by Archie Pratt.

—H. D. Maranville, employed in the freight house and yard of the Boston and Albany railroad, will resume work Monday after being laid off six weeks with an ulcerated eye. He was in the hospital four weeks and underwent an operation.

—E. N. Smith of West Main street is taking treatment at the sanitarium at Clifton Springs.

—There will be an important meeting of the bartenders' union tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

—Mrs. S. H. Bliss of the Pittsfield Viavi Co., will be at Mrs. Fannie Isbell's No. 3 Hall street, on Monday afternoon and evening of next week.

—Tickets are now on sale at Hastings' drug store for the Drury-Orange high school basket ball game next Saturday evening in Odd Fellows' hall.

—There have been 190 men recruited since July at the Springfield recruiting station, conducted by Lieutenant Yates, of which station a branch was open for a time in this city.

—Norman B. Sherry of Williams college will address the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow and E. E. Miller of the normal school will speak at the boys' meeting.

—L. N. Luchia, formerly of this city, has taken a position as traveling agent for the Harvey company, manufacturing chemists, of Saratoga. He left for a western trip yesterday.

—A number of young men held a pleasant dancing party in Pythian hall Friday evening. Briggs and Mason furnished music. There was dancing from 8 until 12 o'clock. About 18 couples attended.

—Rev. J. H. Spencer will preach at the Baptist church tomorrow morning on "Baptists and the Lord's Supper," being the fourth in the series on "What Baptists believe." In the evening he will preach on "The Worst Poverty in the World."

—Rev. O. I. Darling of Adams will occupy the pulpit at the Universalist church tomorrow morning. In the evening the pastor, Rev. F. A. Taylor, will preach on "Liquor and Crime." Tuesday evening there will be a benefit concert in the church.

—In Boston and some other cities no quarantine is established in cases of measles and some physicians claim that no good results from establishing quarantine in such cases as the patient is likely to communicate the disease before it is definitely decided that he has it.

—The W. C. T. U. held their regular meeting in the Methodist church parlors Friday afternoon. It was followed by a dime social. There were vocal and instrumental selections and refreshments. The attendance was good. The proceeds were for the benefit of the different departments.

—The state board of health recently had samples taken of the oleomargerine sold in all the local stores, but no prosecutions are expected to follow this activity, and as all the dealers have the required licenses for selling it, that branch of the business as conducted in this city is believed to be perfectly legitimate in every respect.

—Two special cars filled with Scandinavian immigrants passed through this city last night on the midnight train from Boston. They were booked for Chicago, and made a picturesque gathering as they were disposed for the night. They were traveling in ordinary day coaches, and were apparently very comfortable as they slept in the seats.

—The Congregational choir enjoyed their annual ride to the Idlewild in South Williamstown Friday evening. There were about 35 people who went in two of Liveryman Flagg's large wagons. At the Idlewild a supper was served and then several hours of dancing was enjoyed. The party returned home after a very pleasant excursion. The outing was given by Col. John Bracewell.

—John B. Stone of Pittsfield, general agent for the Berkshire Life Insurance company, has issued in circular form a memoriam of the late George Hamer of this city, who for over 20 years was a member of the firm of Hamer & Stone. The memoriam speaks of Mr. Hamer's connection with the firm and of his faith in the methods and soundness of the company he represented. The circular also refers to the future purpose of the firm.

—Rev. W. L. Tenney will speak morning and evening at the Congregational church tomorrow. In the evening he will deliver his fifth address to young people, the subject being "The power of friendship." Beginning tomorrow evening Mr. Tenney will preface the usual sermon with short remarks each Sunday evening on some topics of local or general interest in connection with social questions. Tomorrow evening he will speak on the subject of associated charities.

—There was a very good attendance at the Y. M. C. A. rooms last evening for the Bible course lecture by Rev. J. A. Hamilton. His subject was "The weakness of unbelief," and he took up the various arguments for failure to believe in the Bible, showing the weakness of the various positions. The address was clear and forceful, convincing in every point that was made. The next lecture will be by Rev. George F. Newhall on the subject "The history of the English Bible."

—The Troy Times, in a review of the Troy Methodist conference for the year, says: The past year has been one of general prosperity in several districts of the conference. Extensive revivals of religion have taken place in many of the churches. The most remarkable awakening was witnessed at North Adams, Mass., Rev. John A. Hamilton pastor, where during the month of January more than 200 seekers bowed at the altar. The Troy Conference has contributed its share to the payment of the debt of $300,000 on the Missionary Society. Troy district, under the vigorous leadership of Dr. Thomas A. Griffin, stood at the forefront of all the Methodist connection in raising this debt.

ROYAL

The absolutely pure

BAKING POWDER

ROYAL—the most celebrated of all the baking powders in the world—celebrated for its great leavening strength and purity. It makes your cakes, biscuit, bread, etc., healthful; it assures you against alum and all forms of adulteration that go with the cheap brands.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO NEW YORK.

—The contract for the plumbing work in the F. M. T. A. building has been let to Lucey & Co.

—Attention is called to an interesting story concerning the recent war, reprinted from Truth on page 3.

—A special meeting of Div. 4, A. O. H., will be held this evening to take action on the death of T. M. Lucey.

—H. P. Linnell will close his connection with his former office at city hall this afternoon, and will take charge of his new business Monday morning.

—The basket ball game at the Mark Hopkins gymnasium yesterday afternoon resulted in a victory for the ninth grade over the boys' league by the score of 30 to 4.

—The Monday club will listen to a lecture Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Miss Daniels of the hospital. The subject will be: "The care of the patient in bed."

—F. F. LaFour, who is connected with the Red Cross, will address the meeting at the Marshall street mission tonight at 7.30 and again tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Tomorrow evening Fred Nichols will speak.

—A local lodge of the Benevolent Order of Elks will soon be started in this city, charter papers being now out. There are about a dozen members already in the city, and it is believed that a strong lodge can be formed here.

—Miss Jessie Harrington of North street entertained her friends very pleasantly with whist Friday evening. The first prize was won by Harry Rand and the booby prize by Miss Alice Dyson. Games and music were indulged in after refreshments.

—Miss Minnie M. Treat of Beaver street and Charles E. Ensminger of Pittsfield, were married in this city March 8, by Rev. J. H. Spencer. The groom is a weaver and recently received his discharge from the United States regular army.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Sanford and Chief and Mrs. C. A. Kendall are spending some days in Boston.

Miss Alice Robertson is visiting her mother, Mrs. W. F. Robertson of Lansingburg, N. Y., who has been ill with the grip.

Mrs. W. L. Tenney will leave Monday to spend several weeks in Stamford, Ct. She is recovering steadily from her long illness, and hopes the change will help her to improve more rapidly.

Foreclosure Sale of Dry Goods.

The stock of dry goods in Abraham's store was sold this morning at auction by Sheriff Frink on a mortgage foreclosure sale held by Morris Gatslick. The mortgage was for $1,587 and the stock was sold to Beer and Dowlin for $3,300. There were some attachments on the property.

—Mrs. Ellen Flagg entertained the Thursday afternoon whist club this week, the name having been misprinted in a previous item.

Annual Meeting Changed.

The time for the annual meeting and election of officers of the board of trade has been changed to Wednesday night on account of other important meetings Tuesday night.

The practice of kissing under the mistletoe is of very ancient origin, as it dates from the days of the Druids, when no doubt it had a religious meaning.

Ivory billiard balls, freshly turned have to be treated very carefully, as a sudden change in temperature may cause them to crack. To prevent this they require to be placed for at least three months in a warm room in order to shrink them gradually and dry true before they are finished and polished.

THE BUSINESS SITUATION

Continues to Be of a Most Encouraging Character Throughout the Country.

New York, March 11.—Bradstreet's says: Industrial and trade activity is still a pre-eminent feature of the general business situation. Price strength, too, is notable, especially in view of the midwinter rise of February, except in case of the leading cereals and wool. In manufacturing lines the situation is one of great activity. Additional advances in wages announced this week seem likely to swell the number of workers whose wages are reported advanced to close to 175,000. The iron and steel trade is still excited by reports of feverish demand, inadequate supply and further advanced quotations.

An easier tendency in wool is one of the disappointing features of the week, the outgrowth particularly of unsatisfactory demand for men's wear goods, but also reflection of reports of projected combinations in the finished goods trade.

The demand for cotton goods is very active, and nearly all classes are firmly held. Cotton remains steady, and the reduced movement at the south is making the minimum estimates more fashionable.

Lumber is active at most markets, and prices are firm, because of well cleaned up stocks.

Raw and refined sugar have alike moved upward this week, partly because of unfavorable Cuban crop advices, and also in sympathy with the improvement going on in European beet markets.

Wheat is weaker, notwithstanding crop damage reports, and other cereals are in sympathy therewith.

Reports from leading markets, east and west, are of an active spring jobbing demand, particularly for dry goods, but shared in by clothing, shoes and other staples.

Business failures for the week number 177, compared with 247 in this week a year ago, 277 in 1897, 282 in 1896, and 262 in 1895.

Bank clearings aggregate $1,920,473,027, a falling off of 11 percent from last week, but an increase of 57 percent over this week a year ago, and are more than double the total for the corresponding weeks in the years from 1894 to 1897 inclusive.

Internal Dissensions.

St. John's, March 11.—Premier Winter refuses to recall to the cabinet former Finance Minister Morine, and the latter's following, 15 all told, will withdraw its support from the government and probably form an alliance with Mr. Morris, who leads an independent party of four. Mr. Winter, with the remnant of the government, numbering eight, will probably form a coalition with Mr. Bond, who has eight in his personal following. The premier hopes to continue in power in defiance of Mr. Morine. The legislature is likely to meet on March 23. Should the government be defeated then on a motion of confidence Mr. Winter will advise a dissolution, to be followed by a general election.

Lived 104 Years.

Bennington, Vt., March 11.—Mrs. Margaret Boatman died at Hoosick Falls yesterday, aged 104 years. She came to this country from Germany 60 years ago and had a terrible experience, the craft on which she sailed being wrecked. Mrs. Boatman and her 10-months'-old babe, lashed to a mast, drifted about at the mercy of the wages for three days, when she was picked up. Mrs. Boatman had been blind for nearly a year.

Hunter Is Missing.

Providence, March 11.—All the property of the bondsmen of the defaulting East Providence collector, George F. Hunter, was attached yesterday, under a writ issued by the town treasurer of East Providence. The amount which is claimed as a shortage is $12,598. Collector Hunter has disappeared, and from all that can be gathered his reappearance is not looked for, as he has not been seen since March 6.

Pants to order $4.00 at Evans.

Souvenir and Kid Glove Day

SATURDAY.

Great Easter sale of Kid Gloves. Our Easter line of Gloves are here in all the new shades.

We carry many celebrated makes that cannot be bought elsewhere.

Try a pair of the Centemeri Gloves and you will wear no other. The only real imported glove sold in town.

The Norman Kid Glove gives better wear and satisfaction than any $1 glove made. Souvenir with every pair of Gloves bought Saturday.

Get one of those dollar Corsets for 49c Saturday. New line of Belts and Buckles just in. Ask about our special 12 1-2c hose. See the new suits, skirts and waists. Bargains in ribbons,

Tuttle & Bryant's

Brunette Not Guilty.

Boston, March 11.—Philip M Brunette, charged with manslaughter in causing the death of James Ryan, was discharged yesterday. Ryan was in charge of one of the city's swill wagons. Brunette was driving a horse which became unmanageable, and the only way to avoid a serious collision was to swing the horse upon the sidewalk. The animal plunged into the swill wagon. Ryan was hit by the shaft and died soon afterwards.

Arabs Lost Heavily.

London, March 11.—According to a dispatch to The Morning Post from Bombay, severe fighting has taken place between the Turkish troops and the Arab tribesmen near Shalil, in the province of Yomen, Arabia, where an insurrection has been progressing for 10 months. The Turks lost 160 men and the Arabs 300.

A tramp, identified as Michael Dolan, aged 45 years, was instantly killed by a train at Cromwell, Conn., while walking on the tracks.

DRESSMAKING.

I am in position to do fashionable dressmaking, or will go out sewing by the day.

JANET SQUIRE,

BENEFIT CONCERT

Given under the auspices of
The Ladies' Aid Society
of the Universalist Church.

Tuesday Evening, March 14,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

PROGRAMME.

Vocal waltz—"Dew on the Flowerlet," Faning
Quartet.
Piano solo—Selected,
James Morely Chambers.
Solo—"King Davy," Roeckel
Maurice Phillips.
Duet—"O that we two were Maying," Smith
Mrs Curtis, Mr. Marriott.
Solo—"The Rosary," Nevin
Miss Viola Wright.
Flute solo—"Fantasie on a Beethoven Air," Doppler
T. Milton Dillaway.
Solo—"The Swallows," Cowen
Mrs Wilson Curtis
Reading—"The Fashionable Wedding,"
Miss Katherine Parker.
Solo—"The Sky Lark," (by request) Cowen
Mrs Frederick A Taylor.
Flute obligato by Mr. Dillaway.
Violin solo—"The Reverie," Vieuxtemps
Miss Elizabeth Boyd.
Solo—"The Penitent," Van de Water
Joseph Marriott.
Quartet—"Dreams," Strelezki

Are You Ever Depressed?

And is it not due to nervous exhaustion? Things always look so much brighter when we are in good health. How can you have courage when suffering with headache, nervous prostration and great physical weakness?

Would you not like to be rid of this depression of spirits?

How? By removing the cause. By taking

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

It gives activity to all parts that carry away useless and poisonous materials from your body. It removes the cause of your suffering, because it removes all impurities from your blood. Send for our book on Nervousness.

To keep in good health you must have perfect action of the bowels. Ayer's Pills cure constipation and biliousness.

Write to our Doctors.

Perhaps you would like to consult some eminent physicians about your condition. Then write us freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER,
Lowell, Mass.



Fine Stationery

Just received a beautiful stock of Fine Stationery.

Box or Pound Packages

If you need Stationery call and see our lot. We can give you bargains from 10c to 50c a box.

F. E. Gurney,

59 Main Street.

TO RENT.

The stonehouse adjoining Hoosac savings bank on the estate of the late Dr. N. S. Babbitt, Main street. Inquire W. D. Robinson, residence of the late Mrs. Babbitt, or at Walden & Crawley's printing office.

We are buying all kinds of bicycle parts and sundries at rock bottom prices and give our customers the benefit of it. Our prices for repairs are lower than the lowest. Skilled and experienced workmen. HODGE, 22 Summer street. Telephone 223-4.

JOHNSON'S—GINGHAMS—JOHNSON'S

HAVING LEASED THE STORE AT . . . **121 Main Street, Opposite Eagle Street,** . . . WE SHALL OPEN

Saturday Morning, March 11

WITH THE

Largest Line of Ginghams Ever Shown in Western Massachusetts.

These goods will consistof All the Kinds Made in the Johnson and Dunbar Mills, including 600 Patterns

Upon the counters you will find such reliable goods as Dress Ginghams, Fine Madras Shirtings, Fancy Cords and Leno's Royal Fabrics (made entirely out of combed yarns), Worsted Cloths for men's wear, Johnson's Staples, Heavy Linens, the Famous Handspun Fabrics, also Warp Printed Effects.

To sell these goods we shall mark them at a price that will meet the approval of every lady in this section.

JOHN PARKER & CO, 121 Main Street

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SOMETHING TO DEPEND ON

H. W. CLARK & CO.,

Sole Millers Agts., No. Adams, Mass

ALFORD

has a first class four tenement block for sale at a bargain.

A. S. Alford,

90 MAIN STREET.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

TEETH.

Best sets of teeth $5.50 and $7.50



PEOPLE'S DENTAL PARLORS

Sullivan's New Block,

34 Main St., North Adams.

North Adams Savings Bank

ESTABLISHED 1848. 73 MAIN ST.

Adjoining Adams National Bank. Business hours 9 a. m. to 4 p. m., Saturdays to 6 p. m.

President, A. C. Houghton: Treasurer, V. A. Whitaker; Vice-Presidents, William Burton, G. L. Rice, W. H. Gaylord; Trustees, A. C. Houghton, William Burton, G. L. Rice, W. A. Gallup, E. S. Wilkinson, H. T. Cady, C. H. Cutting, V. A. Whitaker, W. H. Gaylord, W. H. Sperry, Arthur Robinson, N. L. Millard, F. A. Wilcoxson.

Board of Investment, G. L. Rice, W. H. Gaylord, F. A. Wilcoxson.

BOSTON & ALBANY RAILROAD.

Trains leave North Adams, daily except Sunday, for Pittsfield and intermediate stations at 6.20, 9.25 a. m., 12.10, 3.10, 6.05 p. m. Sundays only 9.25 a. m., 1.55 and 6 p. m.

Connecting at Pittsfield with Westfield, Springfield, Worcester and Boston, also for New York, Albany and the west.

Time tables and further particulars may be had of

G. H. PATRICK, Ticket Agt. North Adams, Mass.

A. S. HANSON, G. P. A., Boston, Mass.

The Adams National Bank.

of NORTH ADAMS, MASS.

Incorporated 1832. Reorganized 1865.

CAPITAL $500,000

SURPLUS, Undivided Profits... 170,000

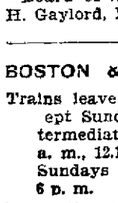
E. S WILKINSON, President.

A. C. HOUGHTON, Vice-President.

W. H. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

Directors—A. C. Houghton, E. S. Wilkinson, V. A. Whitaker, Hon. Geo. P. Lawrence, W. A. Gallup, W. G. Cady, G. W. Chase, H. G. Clark, H. G. B. Fisher.

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Never Fails.

ENDORSED BY THOUSANDS

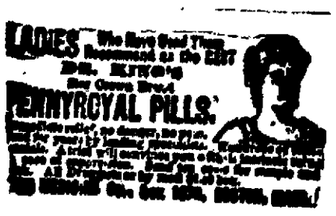
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For sale by J. H. C. PRATT, 20 Main st

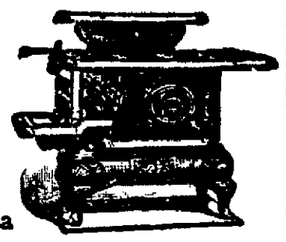
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Work done at the lowest prices possible for good work Estimates on work cheerfully given.



Your Wife Deserves



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GLENWOOD

THE GLENWOOD AGENT HAS THEM.

GOOD COOKERY

(Copyrighted.)

A SIMPLE MENU.

(By Mrs. Emma C. Jefferson.)

BREAKFAST—Oranges and Bananas. Farinose. Cream and Sugar. Soft Boiled Eggs on Buttered Toast. Frizzled Beef. Creamed Potatoes. Coffee.

DINNER—Cream of Potato Soup. Creamed Eggs. Cranberry Sauce. Boiled Beets. Cream Puffs. Nuts. Dates. Figs. Raisins.

SUPPER—Egg Salad. Parker House Rolls. Plum Sauce. Sponge Cake. Angel Cake.

FOR EGGS.

At this season of the year eggs are beginning to be plenty and cheaper, and this menu is prepared with reference to that fact, many of the recipes requiring several eggs.

FRIZZLED BEEF.

Use thinly-shaved dried beef. Have a frying pan hot enough to melt the butter quickly. Drop in a good-sized piece of butter, and when melted add as much of the shaved beef as required, and stir in the hot butter till all curled up; scatter over the eggs on the toast or serve on a dish separately.

CREAMED POTATOES.

One pint of chopped cold boiled potatoes, stirred into a cream sauce made from one pint of rich milk heated boiling hot, to which add one tablespoonful flour wet in little cold milk and large piece of butter. Salt to taste. Heat up slowly for ten or fifteen minutes, pour out into Udish, and place pieces of butter and slight sprinkling of pepper on the top.

CREAM OF POTATO SOUP.

Cream soups are now much in favor on many dinner tables, and can be prepared from any vegetable at hand—but potatoes are always as handy as any, and a potato soup is as generally liked as any. The following ingredients will be required:

One quart sliced raw potatoes, one egg (yolk), one quart water (boiling), one tablespoonful chopped parsley, one pint of milk. Salt to taste. One tablespoon butter, two tablespoonfuls flour. Boil the potatoes in the water, cooking very slowly, till soft. This should take two hours. The water will then be reduced one-half. Mash the potatoes in the water and strain, when there should be one pint of it. Add the milk and return to the fire. Rub the butter and flour together, adding a little milk and stirring until perfectly smooth, and add to the soup when boiling. Stir until creamy, adding salt to taste. Place the yolk of the egg and the chopped parsley in the tureen, turn in the hot soup, stir gently, and serve at once.

The same mode of cooking may be followed in making other cream soups of carrots, turnips, celery or parsnips.

CREAMED EGGS.

Boil six fresh eggs fully five minutes and let stand till cold. Make a cream sauce same as for creamed potatoes, using rich cream instead of milk. Slice the eggs when cold into the bottom of the serving dish, and pour over the hot cream sauce. Good with baked or boiled potatoes.

CREAM PUFFS.

Eight eggs, one-half pound of butter, three pounds flour, one pint warm water. Stir the butter into the water and bring to a boil. Then stir quickly the flour into the boiling butter and water, and as soon as smooth remove from the fire and pour into a cool dish. Let stand until cool. Beat the eggs very light and stir into this cooled paste, first the yolks, then the whites. Drop in spoonfuls on buttered paper or a shallow pan, and bake in a moderately hot oven. Drop far apart, as the batter spreads.

CREAM FOR FILLING.

One quart milk, two cups sugar, four tablespoonfuls cornstarch, two eggs, Wet the cornstarch with enough of the milk to make a smooth paste. Heat the rest of the milk till it just boils. Beat the eggs, add the sugar and cornstarch to these, and gradually add to the boiling milk, stirring all the time till smooth and thick. Add a piece of butter and set aside to cool, then flavor. Split the puffs by passing a sharp knife lightly around the edges, and fill with the cooled cream. This never fails to give satisfactory results.

EGG SALAD.

Boil fresh eggs eight or ten minutes, let cool. Cut them up when cold in small pieces, and measure. Use an equal quantity of shredded lettuce, or chopped celery, or chopped, uncooked cabbage. Stir together and mix with a cream salad dressing made as follows: Two well-beaten eggs. Mix together one teaspoonful sugar, one-quarter teaspoonful salt, one-quarter teaspoonful mustard, and stir into the beaten egg. Then add three tablespoonfuls vinegar and beat well, and, lastly, one tablespoonful of cream, and beat again. Place the bowl in hot water on the stove, and stir until about the thickness of cream. It may take about five minutes. Cool and mix with the egg and vegetable just before serving.

EMMA G. JEFFERSON.

HOUSEHOLD HELPS.

Choice Recipes From Many Sources and of Acknowledged Worth.

LONDON BUNS.

Three cups flour, one-half cup butter, three eggs, on cup of milk, pinch of salt, five tablespoonfuls sugar, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, two tablespoonfuls candied peel (orange, lemon, citron, etc.), grated rind of one-half lemon, grated rind of one-half orange. Mix flour, salt, sugar and baking powder together, and sift three times; rub in the butter with the tips of the fingers, add the well-beaten eggs, saving out one tablespoonful of egg to paint the buns with. Add the milk slowly, cutting it in with a knife, then add the candied peel, cut in small pieces and well floured, also the grated lemon and orange rind. Mix well, place in well-buttered tins. Add one teaspoonful cold milk to the one tablespoonful egg saved from the buns, and paint them over well. Bake in hot oven one-quarter hour; this quantity will make fifteen buns. Serve hot.

CORNISH PASTIES.

Cut one-half pound of lean beef, two potatoes, one apple, into small dice, add one grated onion, one teaspoonful salt, one saltspoonful of pepper and two tablespoonfuls of cold water; mix thoroughly. Sift two cups flour, one-half teaspoonful baking powder, one-half teaspoonful salt into a bowl and rub in one-half cup butter, stir in water enough to make a stiff dough. Roll out one-quarter inch thick, cut into rounds six inches across, place on each round some of the meat mixture, and brush the edges with a little beaten egg or milk. Pinch the edges together and bring them to the top of the pastry, scallop them and brush over with egg. Bake in a moderate oven thirty minutes.

POTATO SCONES.

Two cups of mashed potatoes, two cups of flour, two ounces of butter, one teaspoonful salt, two teaspoonfuls baking powder, sufficient milk to make a dough. Rub the butter into the flour, add to it the potatoes, salt and baking powder, mix with the milk into a dough, and roll out about an inch thick. Cut into biscuit and bake in a quick oven for fifteen minutes.

CHEESE OMELET.

Mix to a smooth batter three tablespoonsfuls of flour and half a pint of milk; beat up four eggs, a quarter of a pound of grated cheese, and a little salt. Add flour and milk, and beat for two minutes. Then put three ounces of butter in a frying pan and pour in the mixture, turning carefully till browned on both sides.

VEAL KIDNEY SAUTE.

Melt a lump of butter in the chafing dish, have a quarter of an onion chopped fine, and brown it in the butter. Have the kidney ready, cut in thin slices, and put with the onion. Season with salt and cayenne pepper. Cover the dish tightly, and let the kidneys cook until tender. Serve with bits of lemon.

JELLY ROLL.

One cup sugar, two eggs, creamed, with sugar, add two tablespoonfuls of water, one and one-half cups flour, one teaspoonful baking powder, and flavor with vanilla. Bake in a dripping pan in a quick oven; when cool, trim off the sides and ends that came in contact with the pan, spread with jelly and roll.

PARSNIP STEW.

Take six thin slices of salt pork and fry in a kettle until brown; take three good-sized parsnips and six large potatoes, pare and slice, then take out the pork, and put in layer of potato, then one of parsnip; season each layer with salt and pepper; cover with hot water, and boil until vegetables are done.

ESCALLOPED POTATOES.

Put a layer of cracker crumbs in a deep dish, add a layer of cold boiled potatoes (sliced thin), then bits of butter and pepper and salt, then another layer of crumbs, and so on until the dish is full, the crumbs forming the last layer; then fill the dish with rich milk, and bake one half hour.

THE NAME SQUIRE

In connection with Pork Products of all kinds, including

Hams and Bacon

is a synonym for Purity, High Quality and Delicious Flavor.

Have ARLINGTON SAUSAGES for Breakfast and see how pleased every one will be.

JOHN P. SQUIRE & Co., BOSTON, MASS.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The motor promoter is becoming numerous.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Holland has just begun to drain the Zuyder Zee, which will add 787 square miles to her fertile territory. This is one way to "expansion."—Exchange.

From the number of women being converted into angels by combustible celluloid combs that institution bids fair to outdistance the deadly folding bed as a corpse producer.—Exchange.

Chicago wants her river made navigable. A coating of asphalt would make it navigable for bicycles.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

That New York judge who says he believes in suicides furnishes another example of the powerful influence of the law of environment.—Chicago News.

Lord Beresford says Chicago is the center of the United States. The noble lord has only partially stated the case. Chicago is the center of the world.—Chicago News.

THE FASHION PLATE.

In checked goods the pretty shaded effects differ from those worn last spring in so far as the lines are finer and run diagonally in both directions, forming small check patterns.

Some of the novelties among French poplins are slightly craped in their weaving and have cross bars of gay color, as for example, craped ground of briar roses, pink crossed with russet and mignonette green.

Cyrano red has lost favor, and its place is taken by new shades called ponceau d'Espagne (Spanish poppy), the brilliant dye called Roman red, and a handsome English current red. These colors will be used both as dress accessories and in millinery.

It is quite the mode now to have a different effect on either shoulder, a flat insertion trimmed band of velvet or jeweled gimp on one and on the other a trailing spray of roses or a knot of upstanding velvet or satin ribbon, or a cluster of ostrich tips.

A silk petticoat, much decorated on the lower half, with full corded frills and flounces, is now an actual necessity, since the clinging dress skirts, made without stiffness, require this extra fullness beneath to give them the proper outward flare from the knees down.

The pretty golf costume cloths will be used both for gowns and capes. The new weaves have a genuine Scotch look and show beautiful color blendings. These goods are not expensive, although they are double width and very closely resemble high priced tartans in silk and wool mixtures.

Shepherd's check fabrics will be in marked favor for two seasons to come. They are found in both simple and elaborate fabrics, in 30, 36, 40 and 50 inch widths, and they range in price from 39 cents to $1.50 a yard. They will be used for dress skirts, shirt waists, petticoats, dress accessories, linings and velvet trimmed gowns entire.—New York Post.

THE ROYAL BOX.

Queen Victoria's annual trips to and from Scotland alone cost her close on $25,000 a year.

Emperor William's bed is narrow, almost a camp bed, but his sheets are of the finest linen, and he loves a silk counterpane. He goes to bed at 11, gets up at 5 and is restless and agitated during his sleep.

The Prince of Wales is following the example of the Duke of Wellington and saving garments which he has worn on special occasions. The prince's collection will be as interesting as the duke's store of ancient trousers and swallowtail coats.

Queen Wilhelmina goes to bed about 11 o'clock and gets up early. Like her father, on rising, she takes a stroll round the park and visits the stables. Her bedstead is of monumental size, being broad enough for six, and proportionally deep. It is whispered that her youthful majesty snores slightly.

Queen Natalie of Servia is following in the footsteps of Carmen Sylva, queen of Roumania, having secluded herself in a charming villa perfumed with the odors of roses near Florence. She is writing a romance of personal reminiscences which has its beginning in Servia and its epilogue in Biarritz.

LAW POINTS.

Fraud may be proved by circumstantial evidence.

A stranger to a note indorsing it after delivery becomes a guarantor.

One taking a note purporting to be signed by an agent must inquire as to the agent's power.

A creditor holding several securities for the same debt may realize from any one of the securities.

The giving of one's note to a creditor is not, in the absence of express agreement, payment of the debt.

One defrauded by a contract should disaffirm the same at the earliest practicable moment after he has discovered the fraud.

A partial payment of an undisputed claim, although received as complete payment, is not a satisfaction of the debt or obligation.

A claim owing to a firm of which one is a member cannot be set off against debts owing by such partner individually to the firm debtor.—Recent Decisions, Highest Courts.

FRANCE.

The name of the new president of France is pronounced as though it were spelled "Loobay."—Nashville Banner.

The French republic has again baffled the widespread desire in Europe to predict its death and attend its funeral.—Philadelphia Press.

There is another humane thing in the French form of government. They don't incarcerate a man in the vice presidency over there.—Washington Post.

If France ever hopes to enjoy the respect of the great bulk of civilization some day, she will elect a president with a name like Smith or Jones, so the newspaper reader can pronounce it without a day or two for practice.—Pittsburg Times.

President Loubet speaks of "the sang froid and dignity" of France in her difficulties. President Loubet seems to be an accomplished statesman, fully equal to throwing a bouquet every time France throws a fit.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

EDUCATIONAL ITEMS.

There are 10,800 teachers in the diminutive kingdom of Belgium.

In Pennsylvania there are 867 school districts in which the schools are open only half the year.

The Chicago board of education has decided that all teachers in the public schools of the city must hereafter live in the city.

A friend of the St. Johnsbury (Vt.) academy, who desires to remain unknown, has given $10,000 to the institution.

President Harper of the University of Chicago believes that no college having an endowment of less than $100,000 should be allowed to confer degrees.

AGUINALDO.

Aguinaldo is said to be a lover of music, but he doesn't like the new American two steps.—New York Press.

The suspicion is rapidly gaining ground that the Hon. Mr. Aguinaldo is carrying the joke a little too far.—Chicago News.

Aguinaldo should abandon rebellions and go in for pugilism. The wide difference between his threats and his performances proves that he has several qualifications available for the prize ring.—Troy Record.

One of Them.

Little Edgar—Pa, what is the penalty of greatness?

Pa—Paying $25 for a box at the opera and then having the newspapers get your initials wrong the next morning.—New York World.

Searching the Sewers.

Paris sewers are being searched carefully for treasure trove, owing to the recent discovery by a workman under the Rue Montmartre of a bundle containing 600,000 francs in securities.

GOVERNOR STEPHENS.

His Family Joins Him in Sincere Praise of Paine's Celery Compound.



Lon V. Stephens is the first native-born governor of Missouri, neighboring Kentucky has furnished the rest.

As chief executive of the state of Missouri his policy is business-like, economical and progressive.

Gov. Stephens frankly and freely recommends Paine's celery compound. He has been greatly benefited by it, and whenever there is sickness in his family Paine's celery compound is the remedy that is used.

As a witness to the wonderful efficacy of this remedy, especially in spring, the experience of the chief executive of the state told in the following letter cannot be slightly passed over:

Executive Department,
State of Missouri,
Jefferson City, Feb. 8, 1899.

Gentlemen:

I have used Paine's celery compound, kept it in my house for family use, and find it a splendid remedy.

Very respectfully yours,
LON V. STEPHENS.

Why is Paine's celery compound today the most successful spring remedy in the world?

It is so wonderfully successful simply because it accomplishes in every instance exactly what is claimed for it.

And of what other remedy can that be said?

Every form of nervous trouble, whether localized in the muscles, heart, brain, or in the nerves themselves, is cured—to stay cured—by Paine's celery compound. Every kind and degree of impoverishment of the system is overcome by this greatest of all invigorators after other remedies have shown no beneficial effect.

It is the spring remedy vouched for by physicians, teachers and well read, well informed men and women in every part of the country

People are everywhere dying of exhausted nervous energy or dragging out their lives in pain and discomfort, because of sleeplessness, nervousness and tagged-out brains. The objective point of Paine's celery compound in successfully curing such nervous troubles is to feed the nerves, build up the wasted brain parts, nourish the tissues and increase the constructive capacity of the blood. Health and renewed life to all the nervous tissues thus takes the place of the lethargy and the debility of disease, when Paine's celery compound is employed.

No one will need to be told that Paine's celery compound does its best work now as spring comes on. These early spring days encourage getting well. Nervous diseases are less stubborn and debility yields more quickly now than at any other time.

It will astonish everyone who knows Paine's celery compound only by hearsay, to try it now and see the change from a yellow, sallow, complexion to a fresh, healthy color; headaches will wholly cease; sleep will refresh and the mind grow clear. By means of this great modern remedy the liver that has been sluggish all winter becomes active, and bilious attacks and the poisonous headaches and the diseases akin to rheumatism which are its result, are cut short.

If it were possible to make a house-to-house canvass of families where Paine's celery compound is being used during these early spring days, an overwhelming amount of evidence would appear showing the implicit confidence that is placed in this greatest of all spring remedies; and the enormous number of people who are being cured of some form of nervous troubles, sleeplessness, indigestion, headaches, neuralgia, heart troubles or a general "run down" condition.

NOW IT IS DE BOISDEFFRE

Who Has Brought Trouble Upon Himself in the Dreyfus Affair.

London, March 10.—The Daily News publishes an interview with Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy who is reported as having said. "The fireworks of the Dreyfus affair are only just commencing. One thing is certain. It is all up with General De Boisdeffre. He and general Reget are responsible for Colonel Henry's forgery and death. All the excitement, however, will end in smoke and the pardon of Dreyfus."

There is a curious connection between this statement by Esterhazy and a statement made by M. Drumont, in the Anti-Semite Libre Parole. He also throws General De Boisdeffre over, and says he will be expelled from the army.

Bay State Legislature.

Boston, March 10.—A retirement fund bill for school teachers was reported in the senate yesterday, though five of the committee on mercantile affairs, making the report, dissented from the action of the committee. A bill to place assessment life insurance companies under the same provisions that govern old-line companies was also reported.

The bill calling for compulsory temperance instruction, with textbooks, in the public schools, yesterday once more attracted a large number of people interested for or against it. Physicians of repute gave some interesting evidence against the bill, and there were other remonstrants, and several statements were made not altogether favorable to some of the methods of the Woman's Christian Temperance union. Numerous remonstrants also presented themselves as against the bill to limit the working hours of hospital nurses, and a leading argument against the bill was that to limit the hours would seriously impair the efficiency of hospitals. Teamsters and others made vigorous opposition to the wide-tire bill, one interesting reason for opposition being that the expected introduction of auto-trucks would in time do away with the need for wide tires.

Boston school committee representatives urged their bill to give the board full power concerning all construction, alteration and repair of school buildings; and a plea for a better arrangement for inspecting milk brought into cities was made by milkmen before the agriculturists.

House reports included bills for $25,000 for the eye and ear infirmary, and $10,000 for the Carney hospital.

A Father's Grief.

New York, March 10.—Ralph Seither killed himself in his room in Newark, N. J., yesterday, because his 14-year-old daughter had been arrested for theft. Seither was separated from his wife and family. His daughter was arrested in Newark for stealing $15. Seither locked himself up in his room when he heard of her arrest and became so despondent that he committed suicide by drinking carbolic acid. His daughter was arraigned in the police court, but when the judge heard of the father's suicide he remitted a fine of $15 he had imposed and allowed the girl to go free.

A Lively Fusillade.

Lowell, Mass., March 10.—After a desperate struggle, in which no less than 20 shots were exchanged, Robert Vaughn, believed to be one of the burglars who assailed Officer Healy early Sunday morning, was arrested last night in a tenement house. None of his shots took effect, except one which slightly grazed Lieutenant Bronsnan's hip. Vaughn answers the description of the heavier of Healy's assailants.

Elopement and Suicide.

Reading, Pa., March 10.—Harry Kintzer, a prosperous farmer, living near Womelsdorf, eloped with Miss Beidler, daughter of a neighbor, Wednesday night, and their whereabouts are unknown. When Mrs. Kintzer, the deserted wife, learned of the elopement, she took paris green, and died within a few minutes. Kintzer had apparently lived happily with his wife.

Cubans Burned Out.

Guines, Cuba, March 10.—A large part of the reconcentrado quarter of Guines was burned yesterday, three children being burned to death. The Cuban industrial fund, which has a station here, is providing temporary quarters for the homeless, and a special appeal for funds will be made on their behalf.

Battle With Convicts.

Madrid, March 10.—In a conflict yesterday between the Spanish soldiery and a number of mutinous convicts at Santona, 16 miles east of Santander, the site of an important arsenal and of several military magazines, one convict was killed and seven were wounded.

Neil Is Dead Broke.

New York, March 10.—Neilson Burgess, better known by his stage name of "Neil" Burgess, the actor and stage manager, has filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy. His total liabilities are $104,059, all unsecured; no assets, and not even a wardrobe.

Too Many Applicants.

Washington, March 10.—To ease the pressure in the selection of applicants for appointment to the vacancies in the United States marine corps, created by the naval personnel act, Secretary Long has prescribed a rigid examination which must be passed successfully as a condition of appointment. There are 400 applicants for 90 places created by the act, and it is possible that the examinations will thin out the available list to the proportions desired.

Padrone Not Killed.

Havana, March 10.—Regarding the alleged conflict between bandits and Cuban forces in the province of Santa Clara, it was reported that Padrone, the bandit leader and a former lieutenant of Spanish guerillas, was killed by the Cubans 10 days ago, but news has now been received to the effect that Padrone has just been arrested.

Rewarded With Cash and Advice.

The little daughter of George Smith of Stroudsburg, Pa., finding a fat pocketbook, hunted up its owner, a business man, and restored it to him. Its contents were $300, and the happy man, giving the child 1 cent as a reward, said to her, "Now run right away home before you lose it, like I did my pocketbook."—Philadelphia Record.

The Important Thing.

"They say all the lovemaking was on her part."

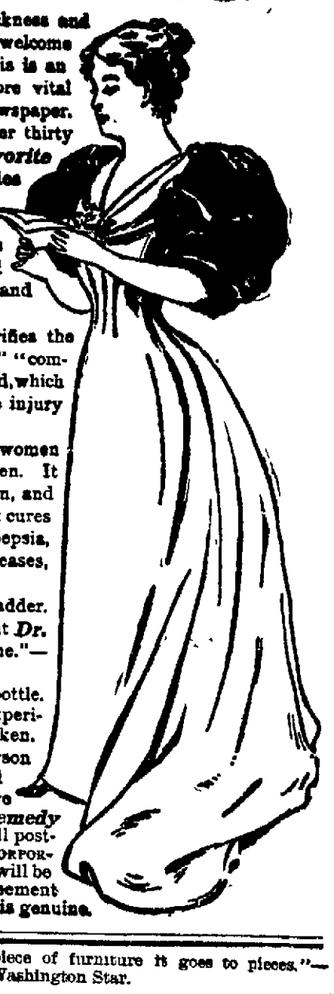
"So I've heard. But then he supplied the money, you know."—Philadelphia North American.

Bound to Finish Him, Anyway.

When doctors can't find anything left in a man to cut out, they advise a change of climate as a means of restoring his health.—Atchison Globe.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Welcome News



Any information that tells how sickness and disease can be overcome is the most welcome news a paper can print. Although this is an advertisement, it contains facts of more vital importance than anything else in this newspaper.

It tells of a medicine known for over thirty years as *Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy*. It is a medicine that purifies the Blood, and restores the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs to vigor and strength. Its principal ingredient is not alcohol. It does not ruin men's and women's lives by causing intoxication and fostering the appetite for strong drink.

Favorite Remedy cools and purifies the blood. It is not like the many "bitters," "compounds" and "tonics," now so widely sold, which heat and inflame the blood, doing more injury than good.

Favorite Remedy cures troubles of women just as certainly as it cures troubles of men. It restores the Liver to a healthy condition, and cures the worst cases of Constipation. It cures Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes and Bright's Disease.

"My complaint was Stone in the Bladder. Physicians said my case was hopeless, but *Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy* cured me."—D. H. HOAG, Lebanon Springs, N. Y.

Sold in all drug stores for $1.00 a bottle. One teaspoonful is a dose, and you will experience relief long before first bottle is taken.

Sample Bottle Free! Every person troubled with any of the ailments mentioned above is offered a chance to try *Favorite Remedy* without any cost whatever. Send your full post-office address to the DR. DAVID KENNEDY CORPORATION, Rondout, N. Y., and a free sample will be sent you. Please say you saw the advertisement in this paper, so we may know your request is genuine.

THE JOKE FACTORY.

Another Spring Poem.

Spring, gentle spring, is drawing near;
Listen with care, and soon you'll hear
The robins calling.
Already the bare maples blush,
The streets are ankle deep with slush.

The newest pinks, sweet peas and beans
The seedmen in the magazines
Are advertising;
And Gladys every offer reads,
And makes long lists of urgent needs,
And sends good money off for seeds,
Which she, elate,
Will cultivate
With zeal surprising.

Bicycle men are hustling now;
The farmer's hand turns toward the plow;
Business is humming.
The sunset each night later glows;
Your wife is buying Easter clothes;
The bottom of the coal bin shows—
In short, you'll see
All sights agree,
Spring, spring is coming!
—Somerville Journal.

Didn't Understand Banking.

Old Abraham Billings is a well known original character in southwest Georgia.

He once moved to a new town, where bank was established on a small scale and, having saved up $5 in the course o. a year, deposited it in the bank.

The next day he was seen hovering around to see if the bank was still there with his $5, when some one called his attention to its closed doors, whereon was the sign: "Bank Closed. Legal Holiday."

He sat down on the bank steps disconsolate.

"Consarn 'em!" he said. "The durned cashier's done got a legal holiday and gone off ter spen' my $5! Ef I'd jest ha' listened ter reason I'd ha' buried it som'ers, but I never did have no business sense!"—Atlanta Constitution.

Pointed Paragraphs.

Women, as a rule, hate liars, yet they very often force men into that class.

No man should be elevated to the office of ruler unless he is perfectly straight.

Never ignore the silent man. He is often the only one in the crowd worth listening to.

Give a neighbor your skimmilk and he's apt to kick because you didn't share the cream with him.

The darkest hour is just before the lawn, but it's difficult for a man to determine when he has reached the limit of hard luck.—Chicago News.

A Repetition.

My bondage of the past is broken,
I breathe the warm free air again,
I've seen thy face, and thou hast spoken,
Snapped are the links that made the chain—
The chain of years that held me fast
And bound me to that long ago;
That sad time when we parted last;
You answered me, "I do not know."

Six weary years since we had parted—
Again I sought thee yesterday.
I was not ever fickle hearted
Yet I disliked the long delay.
"Lovest thou me?" I asked once more
And waited for thy answer low.
You spake the same words as before,
For you replied, "I do not—no."
—Harlem Life

A Tough Duck Too.

Mr. Wabash—That friend of yours is not a truthful man.

Mr. Gotham—Why not?

"He told me the other day that when he had work to do he took off his coat rolled up his sleeves and pitched in."

"Yes."

"Well, he had duck to carve today, and he came to the table with his coat on."—Yonkers Statesman.

Statesmanship.

Watts—After all, the best statesmanship is that which stops the numerous leaks always connected with public administration.

Potts—Yes, as long as things don't leak out a statesman can generally hold his job.—Indianapolis Journal.

The Charm of Mystery.

"Your logic I can't comprehend,"
He murmured, with a sigh.
The statesman winked and said, "My friend,
In truth, no more can I.

"I sadly fear, I must confess,
If I were understood
And did not make the public guess,
That I would be no good."
—Washington Star.

Very Simple.

Pedestrian (arrested for stepping on the grass in the park to avoid a runaway horse)—But what if the horse had run over me?

Policeman—In that case I should have arrested the driver!—Unsere Gesellschaft.

A Paean of Joy.

Oh, I am happy once again!
All care has flown away.
The joy that fills my beating heart
Is more than I can say.

No more need I, to use the time,
Walk half way round the block.
Prosperity has come my way—
My watch is out of hock!
—New York Journal.

His Idea of the Artistic.

"I understand that your friend is fitting up his room in a strictly artistic manner."

"I guess it must be so," replied the dainty young man. "Every time I sit on a piece of furniture it goes to pieces."—Washington Star.

Long Overdue.

"There'll come a time some day,"
He sang in a tenor voice,
And the beauty of his vibrant tones
Made all about rejoice.

"There'll come a time some day,"
Again the chorus low,
And his tailor there in a gallery seat
Yelled out, "I hope that's so!"
—Detroit Free Press.

Extraordinary Calculations.

Student—What is the use of my studying the higher mathematics when I intend to be a lawyer?

Professor—You will need it in estimating your fees.—New York Journal.

Compensation.

The czar of the Russias, or so they say,
Gets twenty-five thousand dollars a day;
The writer of these lines doesn't get
That much, but he has more fun, you bet!
—L. A. W. Bulletin.

We All Wonder Why.

When a woman falls down on the and a man rushing to help her up asks her, "Did you hurt yourself?" why does she always glare at him as if he had insulted her?—Somerville Journal.

Illusion.

Nay, love me not—'tis better so;
I'm not at all the man you know,
And you, in spite of smile and curl,
Are quite, I'm sure, another girl.
—Chicago Record.

Pleasing Amusements.

"Have you an agreeable boarding house?"

"Yes, we have. Every morning we have a cake walk."

"Cake walk? What's that?"

"Why, the first man at the table gets the hot ones."—Detroit Free Press.

Idle Curiosity.



"Is your mother in, little girl?"

"Yes, she s in fer 20 days, but dat's no business of yours."—New York Journal.

Evidently a Failure.

Singleton—My congratulations, old man! No more sewing on buttons now eh?

Wederly—No, indeed! I wear a belt now It keeps me so busy supporting a wife that I haven't time to sew on buttons.—New York World.

Proud of His Descent.

O'Brien—And so Phelim is proud av his descint, is he?

McTurk—Yes, he is terribly stuck up about it.

O'Brien—Well, begorra, Oi've a bit av a descint meself to boast about. Oi descinded four stories wanst whin the ladder broke and niver shpilled a brick.—Answers.

The slight cough may soon become deep-seated and hard to cure. Do not let it settle on the lungs.

Think! Has there been consumption in your family?

Scott's Emulsion is Cod-liver oil with hypophosphites. These are the best remedies for a cough.

Scott's Emulsion has saved thousands who, neglecting the cough, would have drifted on until past hope. It warms, soothes, strengthens and invigorates.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

HOW SHE DID IT.

Girl Cashier's Mind Reading Methods of Making Change.

The girl cashier of a Madison street restaurant was for three weeks believed by one of the customers to be a lineal descendant of Morgan le Fay and to have some of the family traits of Heller, the second sight magician, for she seemed to know by intuition or instinct or something else what was the price of the meal he had consumed and also just the amount of money in his hand when he approached to pay. He first noticed that when he presented a 35 cent check she immediately laid upon the rubber mat a dime and a nickel which she had been holding for change.

"How," this man inquired of himself, "did she know that 15 cents would be the correct change? There was no earthly way for her to tell what money I was going to offer her either. How did she come to have the exact change ready without a second's delay or without having to go to the cash register for it?" He could not answer to his own satisfaction.

The next day he bought a 45 cent meal, and she promptly laid a nickle before him, the 5 cent piece being the only coin she held in her hand. It was the correct amount, as he gave her a half dollar. He experimented several times afterward and at last appealed to her for information.

"Why," she said, "didn't you ever notice the tint of your check?" When I see you coming 20 feet away, I know by the slate colored check that you have eaten 20 cents' worth. If you have a red ticket, that warns me that you want to pay for a two bit meal. A blue one means 30 cents. This yellow one is, of course, for 40 cents. The amount is printed upon the check, but the color is my warning."

"Yes," said the other, somewhat relieved, "that seems easy. But still my money is not of different colors. How do you know what change to have ready? That's mind reading, sure."

"Not at all. When you come with a quarter ticket, you will usually give me the exact change or half a dollar. I have a quarter ready for you in my left hand in case you give me a half. Suppose your ticket is a 35 cent one; you'll either give me the correct amount or a half dollar—or perhaps a dollar. With 15 cents in one hand and 50 cents in the other I'm ready for any demonstration almost."—Chicago Record.

THE GAME OF HIS LIFE.

Showing One's Varying View of Golf as He Plays Well or Ill.

On the links of the Island Golf club at Garden City, N. Y., two men were having a hot game, with success about even. They were good friends and complimented each other on their good shots and looked the other way after a foozle. Just as the younger one stepped upon the tee to drive off for the sixth hole a very swagger cart came spinning up the road that crosses the links near that tee. A stunning young woman was driving. She pulled up sharply near the tee and called out to the man about to drive:

"George, dear, won't you come home now and not delay luncheon?"

The man straightened up with an air of disgust at the interruption and replied:

"Not now. I'm playing the game of my life."

"I wish you'd come," she said.

"No, not now," he answered. "I'm playing too well. I wouldn't quit this for 40 luncheons. I'm breaking my record by ten storkes."

"Well, I'll drive up and down here and wait for you," she said.

As she started off George, dear, turned to continue the game of his life. He sliced his drive and lost the ball in the blackberry bushes in the ravine. He dropped a new ball and lost one stroke. Then he topped the ball on the niblick shot out of the whir and didn't gain three feet. Finally he got out with seven and was bunkered in the road that crosses the field. There he lost two more strokes and the rest of his temper. Finally he got out of the bunker and with a beautiful lie used his brassey for a three-quarters iron and overshot the hole by 50 yards into the tall grass. There the ball was lost.

Ten minutes later the swagger cart was spinning down the road at the top speed of the horse, the stunning young woman sitting very erect and statuesque and driving with superb skill. In the back of the cart, with his heels dangling and brandishing two golf clubs, sat George, dear.

The game of his life was over.—New York Sun.

He Got It.

"Mister," said Meandering Mike, "would you like to have all the money you wanted?"

"Of course I would," was the natural reply.

"Well, then, I kin approach you as man to man an tell you me own feelinks. It's a good deal to be able to depend on sympathy an co-operation in advance. All the money I wants fur the present is 10 cents, which is somethin you could help me to without missin."—Washington Star.

A Woman's Way.

"Forty cents for a telegram, please," said the dentist's attendant. "There," said the dentist, as he opened and read the document, "that's from one of my patients, breaking an appointment, and she makes me pay for the telegram. Would any one but a woman do that? That goes on her bill."—New York Times.

It is not an uncommon thing, according to a traveler in Russia, to meet a herd of cows or oxen in certain parts of that country wearing blue glasses to counteract the effects caused by the reflection of the snow in winter time.

Australia is 26 times as large as the United Kingdom, 15 as large as France and almost equal to the United States.

Taking up the "white man's burden" doesn't mean stealing his umbrella.—St. Paul Globe.

Isn't the "white man's burden" habit getting to the stage when correctives are in order?—Syracuse Post-Standard.

It is nearly time for some enterprising reporter to interview Mr. Roberts of Utah regarding his "white man's burden."—Pittsburg News.

As England has begun the building of 110 new warships, it looks as though she regards the "white man's burden" as the white man's bargain.—New York Mail and Express.

RAILROADING AS A BUSINESS.

Hustle Once, Last and All the Time, Says Chauncey Depew.

The railway profession presents more attractions for a young man than any other line of business, says Chauncey M. Depew in "Railroad Men." It has greater opportunities for advancement, and its employment is more permanent. To succeed in it in any department requires health, brains, honesty and equipment. The young man must make up his mind that if he would rise in the profession he must never question the kind of work that is put upon him, the hours which are required of him or the places, agreeable or disagreeable, to which he is assigned.

Railway organization is essentially military, because upon the ability, vitality and integrity of the vast number of men in the various positions working harmoniously together depend most of the internal commerce of the country, the prosperity of business, the activities of communities, great and small, the funds of investors and the safety of hundreds of millions of passengers.

The young man who proposes to enter railway service should first decide whether he will take his chances for a career in outdoor or indoor work. If outdoor work, which is in the operating department, he will be immensely assisted if he has had the opportunities which are offered in the technical schools. In these days of thorough training it is almost impossible for a young man of ordinary education to get on in competition with the graduates of the Sheffield Scientific school at Yale, the scientific schools of Columbia, the special education of Cornell, the big advantages of the Troy Polytechnic and the Stevens institute, and the instruction given in many other of the schools and colleges of the United States.

If he selects indoor work, he must make up his mind that much more will be required of him at first than in commercial lines. If he is in the treasurer's department and shows special efficiency and intelligence, when a vacancy occurs in the freight department, in any discussion that should happen between the heads of these departments, he is almost certain to be drafted for a better position by the traffic manager, and vice versa.

Railroading differs from no other business or profession in its beginnings. The salary is small. The work is hard. It is only the few who by cheerful readiness at all times to perform their own tasks and to stay several hours—and if necessary all night—to meet the requirements of the office or to do the work of the lame, lazy and incompetent attract the attention of their superiors and are marked for promotion.

In the service every one's eye is on every one else. There is a generous appreciation of comradeship, at the same time there is severe criticism of the conduct and character of fellow employees and officers. The moment an officer becomes careless of his duties, inattentive and out of reach when wanted, his chances for promotion are over, and the accident of a discharge or displacement it imminent.

There is but one rule of success in railway service, and that is, no matter how high you get, once a hustler always a hustler and a hustler until you die or resign.

FORTUNE FOR A VASE.

Celebrated Pieces of China, Their Value and Their Owners.

Ten thousand guineas paid by the Earl of Dudley for an antique vase and ewer of early Sevres china was the largest sum ever paid for a vase. It was afterward sold to Baron Schroder for 8,000 guineas. Five thousand guineas was paid at the sale of the Lynes-Stephens collection in 1895 for an oviform vase of old Sevres porcelain, painted with horsemen and figures, after Wouvermans, and a trophy of arms in two medallions with fluted neck and handles formed as gilt figures of boys, by Dodin and Morin, 15¾ inches high. The price included a pair of oviform, flat shaped vases of comparatively small value, apart from the one above described, the three being one set which formed part of the Earl of Pembroke's collection.

In Mr. Jones' collection of pottery and porcelain at the South Kensington museum there is an egg shaped Gros Bleu Sevres vase with medallions of Cupid and Psyche which was acquired for 3,000 guineas. The celebrated Barberini or Portland vase, now preserved in the gold chamber of the British museum, was purchased by Sir. W. Hamilton for £1,000, and afterward sold to the Duchess of Portland for £1,800. A historical vase was recently put under the hammer at Christie's. It was one of a pair presented to the Marquis of Montcalm (the defender of Quebec) by Louis XV. The last bid for this splendid work of art was £1,995. One of the largest vases in the world was a present from the late czar to the city of Paris. It is made from an immense block of jasper, is eight feet high and is valued at £1,500.—London Tit-Bits.

Takes His Own Medicine.

In Baluchistan when the physician gives a dose he is expected to partake of a similar one himself as a guarantee of his good faith. Should the patient die under his hands the relatives—though they rarely exercise it—have the right of putting him to death, unless a special agreement has been made freeing him from all responsibility as to consequences, while if they should decide upon immolating him he is fully expected to yield to his fate like a man.

A Grateful Patient.

"Doctor," said the substantial citizen, as he rushed up to the young physician, "I owe you my life."

"Eh?"

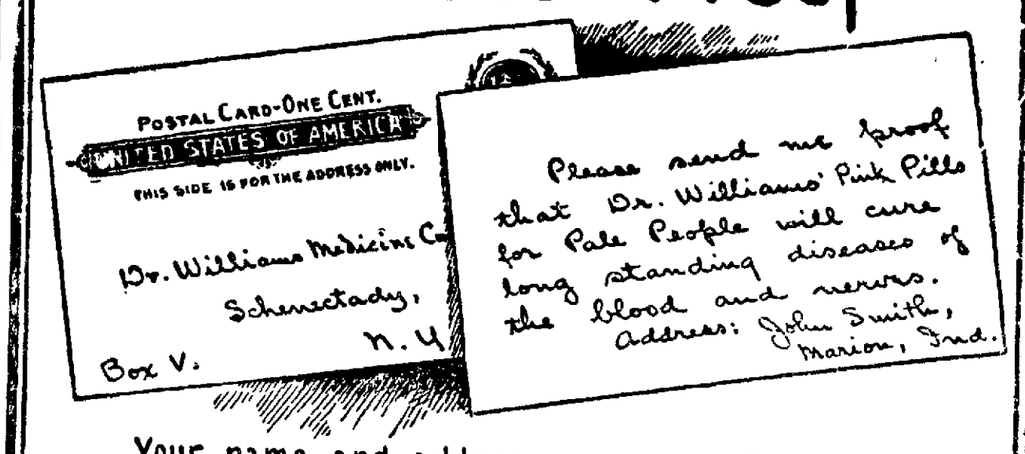
"Yes. I was taken suddenly ill two days ago, and my wife sent for you—and you were not in."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

The St. Louis World's fair will occur in 1903 and will make the Chicago World's fair merely a side show.—Quincy (Ills.) Saturday Review.

Not much is being said, but work on the World's fair at St. Louis in 1903 is being pushed with energy, just the same.—St. Joseph (Mo.) Herald.

There is no doubt that if St. Louis holds a World's fair in 1903 it will far surpass anything yet attempted in that line. It will not be St. Louis alone, for all Missouri will take a hand. After the fair we will move the capital to St. Louis, where it belongs.—Moberly (Mo.) Democrat.

Absolute Proof



Your name and address on a postal card will bring you absolute proof that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will cure you if you are afflicted with any disease of the blood or nerves. Mention the disorder with which you are suffering and we will send evidence that will convince and satisfy you that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will cure you.

These pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, partial paralysis and all forms of weakness either in men or women.

To a Lawrence *Journal* reporter Mr. G. H. Snyder, a well known citizen of Lawrence, Kan., related a wonderful story. He said:

"I am now seventy years of age. About three years ago I experienced a coldness or numbness in the feet, then creeping up my legs, until it reached my body. I grew very thin in flesh, appetite poor and I did not relish my food. At last I became unabled to move about. I consulted several distinguished physicians, one telling me I had locomotor ataxia, another that I had creeping paralysis. I took their medicines but continued to grow worse. Almost a year ago a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Before I had finished my first box I found that they were benefiting me. I used twelve boxes in all and was perfectly cured. Although over six months since I used my last pill there has been no recurrence of the disease. My appetite is good and my general health better than it has been for many years.

The genuine are sold only in packages like this, the wrapper being printed in red ink on white paper.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
THE GREAT Blood Builder and Nerve Tonic

Fifty cents per box at druggists or sent postpaid on receipt of price by the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y.

AN UNREALIZED DREAM.

In the golden spring day of life I stood
On the flower lined border of womanhood,
And the sun was bright, and the skies were fair,
And the joy birds were singing everywhere.
Then life was a dream that was heaven born
As the sun rose up on the glorious morn
That follows the waning of girlhood's days,
And the woman basked in its cheery rays.

A suitor came in a manly youth
Whose eyes were mirrors reflecting truth,
Whose face an Apollo might envy well
And whose voice was clear as a vesper bell.
But I steeled my heart to the golden snare.
For mad ambition was nesting there
To reign as queen in the tinseled show
Of the upper world, and I bade him go.

A year sped on, and another came,
A knight in the lists of legal fame,
And he whispered the story low and sweet
And laid his heart at my queenly feet.
But his name was missing from titled lore;
He was but a toiler in life, no more,
And I muffled the blow in regretful phrase
As he passed from my sight with reproving gaze.

The fires of ambition warmer burned
Till they smothered love, and I proudly spurned
The yearnings of hearts that were brave and bold
And pure in affection as virgin gold.
A king would come with a titled name,
And I'd rule as queen in the world of fame.
And the years sped on with distressing pace,
Each penciling lines on my once fair face.

Then my heart was pierced, as by gleaming blade,
With the growing fear that I'd die a maid,
And when hope was waning another came,
And I forced a smile and assumed his name.
The dreamed of kingdom I'm ruling o'er
Is a dingy old corner grocery store,
And I aid my bustling old king of kings
In selling bacon and cheese and things!
—Denver Post.

Only Human.



"What's the matter, bub?"

"I lent Willie Jones me new skates, an he's gone an fell in dis hole wid 'em."—New York Journal.

Wanted to Set Himself Right.

"Pray do not misjudge me," he said, as he entered the office. "I am a poor man, and I cannot afford to be put in a false light before the public. I desire courteous treatment at your hands and ask that you be not deceived by appearances. My hair is long, but it is because of a financial disagreement with my barber. I am no poet."

Then he succeeded in selling the Sunday editor a bork that he didn't want.—Chicago Post.

Her Plan.

Mr. Tenaleton (with swelling muscles)—What would you do if you and I were all alone in the house and you should see a burglar crawling through the window?

Miss Dazeley—Oh, I should stand right in front of the chair behind which you were hid and if possible argue with him until the folks came home.—Chicago Daily News.

Easily Counted.

After an absence of half a year she had returned.

"Did you think of me often, George?" she asked.

"Only once, Aggie," he replied. "but it was an awful long think—six whole months!"—New York World.

Appreciated the Compliment.

"They say that Jones was elated the day after the recount committee threw him out of his seat in the common council."

"Yes: it was because the papers next morning spoke of him as having retired gracefully."—Detroit Free Press.

Calling His Bluff.

"My time is worth $1 a minute to me," said the busy man

"All right," replied the insurance agent "I'll take just 15 minutes and allow you the discount on the first premium."—Philadelphia North American.

France and Uncle Sam.

The French papers are busily collecting instances of what they consider American unfriendliness toward France, in order to bolster up their campaign of hostility against the United States. The Figaro recently published George Bancroft's letter of congratulation to Bismarck on the result of the Franco-Prussian war, and follows it up with several other incidents of a like nature, among which is General Grant's telegram of congratulation to the emperor of Germany in 1870, and the fact that Victor Hugo refused to receive him on account of it during his visit to Paris several years later.

Caught Red Handed.

"How is your wife getting along in her endeavors to help the humane society?"

"Doing the best she can She reported the butcher the first thing she did. Said she had caught him killing pigs. But she'll learn."—Detroit Free Press.

It Would Have Been Better.

"What do you think of this young woman who committed a theft in order to be in jail with her husband?"

"I think it would have been better if her husband had so conducted himself as to remain out of jail with her."—Chicago Post.

News From Manila.

Manila, March 10, 11:25 a. m.—Rebel incendiaries landed at the village of Pandacan last night, for the purpose, it is alleged, of terrorizing those of the inhabitants who do not sympathize with the insurrection. A number of native houses were destroyed. The United States transport Grant, which sailed from New York Jan. 19, having on board Major General Lawton, the Fourth infantry and a battalion of the Seventeenth infantry, arrived this morning. With the exception of San Pedro Macati, where the Filipino sharpshooters incessantly annoy the American troops, matters are unusually quiet along the line. The weather is much cooler to-

Made Sure of It.

Some time ago I was at a small village in Somersetshire fitting up a steam dairy.

As is well known, water is a most essential thing in a dairy. So, being unable to obtain a sufficient supply from a well already sunk, it was suggested to open a disused well near and try the water there.

Instructions were given to the men to be careful on opening the well, as it might be unsafe to descend on account of foul air.

They were told to light a candle and let it down, and if it continued to burn they would then know that there was no danger in descending.

On the following day, on asking if it was safe to go down, one of the men replied: "Yes, that's safe enough. I took the candle down with me, and it [illegible]"—London Globe.

UPPER CUTS.

Fitzsimmons and Sharkey are now engaged in an unlimited round contest to see which can escape fighting the other.—Memphis Commercial-Appeal.

Judging by the caution and evasion indulged in by Sharkey, Fitzsimmons and Jeffries the trio of pugilists believe the old prize ring adage, 'A match well made is half won'—Boston Traveler

CEYLON INDIA TEA

Is noted for rich wine-like body.

The delightful flavor of that imported and sold by Chase & Sanborn in pound and half-pound air-tight packages, under the name of Orange Pekoe, is indeed most enjoyable.

Truly it is said that

Chase & Sanborn's Package Teas

are the "Royal Gems of the Kingdom of Tea." They are famous throughout the country for richness, flavor, purity, and superiority.

One pound makes over 200 cups.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

R AND G CORSETS

The R and G Corset is one of our best corsets. It is what we would call a perfect corset. Every woman realizes the importance of a perfect corset. But a perfect corset is hard to find.

Most corsets are made to fit a theory. The woman must meet the requirements of the corset, or suffer the consequences.

It's not so with the R and G. This corset is made in so many shapes that there are some to meet the requirements of every figure—tall, short, stout or thin, broad or narrow, long waisted or short waisted.



Number 397 is by far the most popular of all our corsets. It has met with a truly wonderful sale. It is a short corset, but is long enough to obviate all short corset difficulties. It gives the fashionable length from the shoulders to the bust, but it is long enough to support the bust firmly. It is also long enough over the hips to prevent pressing into the flesh, and forming a ridge. It is made of the best American coutil, without side steels. It is trimmed at the top and bottom with English lace and drawing ribbon. Colors: white, drab and black. The price is $1.00.

CHOOSING A CORSET.

is the title of a little book which tells you all about the popular R and G Corsets to be had at our Corset counter or we will mail it to you if you send for it.

Sam'l Cully & Co.

SPECIAL NOTICE COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS UNDER THIS HEADING OF 20 WORDS OR LESS FOR 50 CENTS A WEEK, OR THREE DAYS FOR 25 CENTS. NO CHARGE LESS THAN 20 CENTS.

TO RENT.

A nice six-room tenement, 4 Meadow street. Inquire at 6 Meadow street. t42tf

Large room, nicely furnished Steam heat, gas, hot and cold water and bath. 3 Quincy St. 1239

Barn on Main street. 5 stalls. C. H. Berry, 34 Summer street.

A nice tenement on Holbrook street. In good first class condition. W. G. Snyder, Center St

Desirable tenements to rent Inquire 112 River street t229tf

Tenement and store house to rent. Inquire at 24 Main street. t316tf

A very desirable large tenement at 18 Summer street. t215tf

Tenement in post office block. Inquire Clarence W. Gallup, North Adams Savings Bank building. t 209 tf

House on Quincy street, 8 rooms, modern improvements, heated, $30 a month. Inquire at 75 Main street. t 205 tf

Tenements to rent from $6 to $10. Special inducements offered to the parties occupying them at once. Inquire 85 West Main street. t203tf

Tenement, 115 Main street. William Burton. t 179 tf

Furnished Room, Steam heat, Gatslick block, Main street. T 184 tf

Best apartments in city for the money, corner Holbrook and Yale street. Everything new and up-to-date, t 171 tf

Tenement at corner of Cherry and Meadow streets. Apply at premises or H. A. Gallup. t 146 tf

Office corner Bank and Main street. Boland block, steam heat and running water. Inquire P. J. Boland. t 148 tf

Steam heated tenement in Arnold place. Inquire 8 Boland Block. t 129 tf

Furnished room to rent, 8 Ashland st.

Six room cottage, hot and cold water and bath new and clean, rent cheap; Inquire B. S Kemp, 32 East Quincy st, t136tf

Tenement corner Chase avenue, all modern improvements. Inquire 8 Ashland street.

A new modern tenement, with steam heat. E, J. Boland.

Tenements and barn. Mrs. F. P. Brown 142 East Main street.

Nice tenement to rent, 19 1-2 Veazie street. Inquire 12 Bank street, city.

Desirable tenement on Glen avenue. H. A. Gallup, Boland block.

FOR SALE.

Eggs, strictly fresh laid, constantly on hand at 6 Winter street, near Meadow. W. A. Niles.

A farm of two hundred and seventy-seven acres for sale or to rent. D A Lamphier, Cheshire Mass w5t13

WANTED.

A Competent cook. Apply Mrs. T, N. Dale, Roxie st., Williamstown. 2wks*

A girl for general housework; apply at 16 East Quincy street w111f

Position by experienced nurse. Apply 2 Ashland street. w229t5*

A competent girl for general housework; apply at 145 Union street. w229t6

We can give a good reliable man in your town a first-class opportunity to make some money without interfering with other business. Address, Slater Grocery Co., Boston, Mass. w4t3

A wife. Middle-aged American woman; am 48 years old and own a good farm. Address, Wedlock, care of the Transcript. w4t3t†

SALESMAN to call on doctors only on behalf of the leading firm in the trade. Position permanent. Applicant must be intelligent, indefatigable and of good appearance. State experience. Address P. O. Box 1853, Philadelphia. 11-14-2t

LOST.

Lady's purse containing small sum of money was lost Thursday morning between the Hoosac store and depot. Finder is requested to return to the Transcript office. t123†

LADY'S gold stone pin, lost June, 1898, on electric cars from Williamstown or on Main street. Valued as a keepsake. Return to Transcript. 1-24-2t*

Pyrocura.

An absolute cure for piles. A home remedy, endorsed by home people. North Adams druggists sell it.

NEW YORK STATE EGGS.

We are receiving fresh every day eggs shipped direct from New York state. These eggs are gathered from a rich farming section and can be relied upon as being fresh and wholesome. We guarantee them. We have not a cold storage egg in our store. Our price for these eggs is 20 cents a dozen, and they are a bargain. We have some fine nearby farmers' eggs extra, which we are selling at 25 cents a dozen. If you want fresh eggs and we know you do, call at the Dairy Kitchen, 85 Main street. We have also bargains in butter, cheese, cream, milk, tea and coffee. Call and see us.

Pants to order $4.00 at Evans.

WANTED.

For North Adams and vicinity some live canvassers, men or ladies; experience not necessary. Only workers wanted. Send address, Box 195, Transcript.

WANTED.

Employment Bureau.

General House Work Girls, Cooks and Waitresses. Apply North Adams Employment Bureau.

Wilson Opera House, Thursday March 16

The phenomenally successful and stupendous scenic metropolitan melodramic production,

"ON THE BOWERY."

Nothing like it on earth. A superb cast, headed by the Champion Bridge Jumper and the King of the Bowery,

STEVE BRODIE.

See the great Brooklyn Bridge scene, the triumph of the scene painter's art, The Bowery After Dark, Inside Brodie's Famous Saloon, Two magnificent Pictoral Views of the Brooklyn Bridge at Night. Northern Driveway of the Brooklyn Bridge, the River under the Bridge, Pier 23, East River, Chatham Square, Bowery, the Opium Dive Pell street, the Great Bowery Concert Hall Scene, the Beautiful Astor Mansion on the Hudson; scenery painted from photographic views by John H. Young of the Broadway theater, mechanical effects by Charles Carson of the Star theater New York.

Prices 35, 50, 75c.

Sale of seats opens at Wilson House Drug Store Tuesday.

As we are closing up our business preparatory to leaving North Adams, all accounts on our books, not settled at once, must necessarily be left with our attorney for collection.

Burdett & Reinhard,

113 MAIN ST. NO. ADAMS.

DEATH OF SUMNER BRADFORD.

Direct Decendant of Governor Bradford and Former Local Man, Died Yesterday.

Word was received here this morning of the death yesterday afternoon in Minneapolis of George Sumner Bradford, formerly of this city and well known here. The news of his death will be received with surprise and deep regret by his many friends here, especially among the older people, among whom he was well known. He was a son of the late George W. Bradford of this city and a direct descendent of Governor William Bradford. His father and William Bradford, grandfather of the Cady brothers, were brothers, and came to this town together. Sumner Bradford was therefore a cousin of the Cady family, and has a number of relatives in this part of the country.

He was born in Cheshire, March 18, 1823, and was therefore almost 76 years old at his death. He lived in this place until well into manhood, and went west many years ago. Until within a few years he had held a prominent position with the Washburn Flour company of Minneapolis, one of the largest in the world.

He became owner of the Bradford property on Main street now the site of the Hoosac savings bank, at the death of his father, but disposed of it some years ago. He leaves considerable property.

Mr. Bradford was a frequent visitor to the homes of his relatives in this city, but had not been here for a number of years. He was a genial man, and made many new friends, as well as holding the love and regard of those who knew him best.

Death was due to an attack of the grip which he suffered early in the winter, and which affected his heart. He had been growing weaker for some time, but the news of his death was unexpected by his relatives. He was unmarried, and leaves one sister, Mrs. S. M. Dutton of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, who was with him at the time of his death. He also leaves a cousin, Mrs. F. E. B. Darling of Troy, who is well known here.

ANOTHER FALSE REPORT

Regarding Combinations. North Adams Adams Manufacturing Company Not in Any.

Rumors of big mill combinations are becoming remarkably frequent of late, most of the reports coming from the financial centers in New York city. The latest is a report published yesterday in the New York Tribune, of a combination of manufacturers of fine woolens in which the leading firms are interested.

The report includes the name of the North Adams Manufacturing company of this city as one of the factories in the combination. E. B. Penniman, treasurer of the company, was asked today in regard to the report and denied positively that there was any truth whatever in it. "You may contradict the story as strongly as you like," he said in answer to a question, "we have had no negotiations in connection with any such project ,and have not considered the possibility of it."

Many Continued Cases.

A large number of continued cases were heard in court this morning. The long continued case of F. J. Barber, charged with false pretenses, was again postponed till March 25, on account of Mr. Barber's illness.

James Sullivan and John Shea, two boys charged with violating a city ordinance by throwing snow balls, were discharged on account of lack of evidence. Alfred Langlois and Arthur Gilbert, two boys charged with breaking into Graves' store on Center street, some time ago, were discharged.

Charles Bradley and John O'Shea for assault and battery were put on probation for three months each. W. H. Matthews, charged with threatening Samuel Buchanan, was discharged.

One or two continued drunks were cared for.

May Change Name of Field.

W. J. Mackey, the baseball player and manager who has leased Lawsonian field for next season, is considering the advisability of changing the name of the field. It is thought by some that a name less associated with one unpleasant incident of former local baseball history would be more acceptable to the public.

The prospects for the success of Mr. Mackey's plans seem to be bright, and he is receiving considerable support. There are good chances of securing early games with Eastern league teams, during the practice season of the latter.

Pittsfield expects to have a team in the field, and an interesting series of games with that city will be arranged, forming one of the most interesting features of the baseball season locally

Students Fined $5 Each.

The Williams college faculty has announced its decision in regard to the recent affair in connection with the removing of a tool shed, as reported in the Transcript. There were 29 students whose names were placed in the hands of the faculty, and a fine of $5 each was levied from those engaged in the affair. This was regarded in the light of an assessment for the damage done to property.

During the investigation of the affair it developed that there were two parties out on the night of the occurrance. The first party was the one composed of students of who gave their names to the faculty, and denied all knowledge of the later disturbance. The perpetrators of the latter have not been discovered.

Young Men's Club Play.

The Young Men's club of the Universalist church presented the three-act drama, "Out of His Sphere," at the church parlors Friday evening. There was a large attendance and the young people who took part are justly entitled to considerable credit. Every participant acquitted himself well. Fred Reagan carried his part in an exceptionally fine manner. Irving Brown sang and Mrs. F. A. Taylor played the accompaniment. The affair was a success and all interested in its presentation are well satisfied.

SUPERIOR COURT ENDED.

Boston and Albany Road Goes Up With Bowen Case, Closing Suits.

The February sitting of the superior court closed at Pittsfield yesterday afternoon after a three-weeks' term, Jurors were paid $928, court officers $292, and stenographer $154.

The last case, that of Bernard Bougard against the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad company, was finished during the forenoon. He claimed $300 for damages by reason of being struck by a locomotive at a crossing near Van Deusenville. The train crew testified that the bell was rung and the whistle sounded at the usual place, and that after the train stopped Bougard had said that he could not control his horses. The jury rendered a verdict for the defendant. Lawyer Wilcox has filed a motion for a new trial which Judge Maynard will hear in Springfield.

Crosby & Noxon moved for a new trial in the case of Henry C. Bowen & Son against the Boston and Albany railroad company, tried last week, on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of the evidence. This was opposed by Lawyers Joyner and Shaw, and Judge Maynard overruled the motion. The case goes to the supreme court on exceptions.

Echoes of the Hopkins-Bliss trial were heard yesterday. It is stated that the jury in finding for Rev. Mf Bliss did not fasten the authorship of the anonymous letters upon Mrs. Hopkins by their verdict. They found as they did on the sole ground that she did not sustain her allegation of slander, the ruling being very strict on that point. The authorship of the letters could not be considered, as the rulings and findings were arrived at before that question could be reached. The verdict does not make Mrs. Hopkins guilty of the letters.

In the case of Bridget Lee against Christopher Curry for bastardy yesterday morning the case was settled out of court. Curry paid $300 and the costs, so it is stated.

DEATH OF T. M. LUCEY.

Occurred This Morning After Short Illness With Appendicitis.

After an illness of one week with appendicitis Timothy M. Lucey died this morning at his home on Bryant street in the 46th year of his age. An operation was performed Friday in the hope of overcoming the disease, but in this hope his physician, family and friends were doomed to disappointment.

Mr. Lucey was born at Malone, N. Y., and learned the plumbers' trade there and at Holyoke, to which city he went to live when a young man. He was married in Holyoke 18 years ago and six years later he came to this city, where he had since lived. He worked for A. H. Jones and A. W. Hunter, and for several years had been a member of the T. M. Lucey Plumbing company. He was an industrious and energetic man, a good mechanic, an obliging neighbor and a respected citizen. His sudden death is an extreme affliction to his family and will be mourned by many friends. He leaves his wife, two daughters and a son, also two brothers and a sister, Rev. Fr. Lucey of Northampron, Cornelius Lucey and Sister Jerome of St. Joseph's convent, Webster.

The funeral will be held from St. Francis church Monday morning at 9 o'clock, and the body will be taken to Holyoke for burial.

St. George's Day Celebration.

At a meeting Friday evening of the entertainment committee of the Sons of St. George it was decided that on Sunday, April 23, St. George's day, the members will attend the Methodist church in a body. On the following Tuesday evening, April 25, a banquet and promenade concert will be held in Grand Army hall. It is hoped to secure for the occasion the Impett quartet of Troy, N. Y., which has been heard in this city and which will be a decided attraction. The banquet will be served at 7 o'clock and a novelty will be introduced by interspersing the concert numbers with the dancing. A very successful event is anticipated and a large attendance is expected.

Increase of Cars.

In order to accommodate people going to and from work the street railway company will commence running two extra cars on Monday. One will leave Greylock at 5.50 in the morning and run to Cutting corner. The other following the regular car from Williamstown will leave Main street at 6.05 in the evening and run to Blackinton. This is a change of three minutes as the regular car now starts at 6.08, and will accommodate the employes of Johnson's with an earlier car. At 6.10 or on arrival of car from the Beaver another car will leave Main street and run to Blackinton only, to carry people working in Beaver mills.

Died at the Age of 103.

Mrs. Margaret Bootman died at Hoosick Falls Thursday night from old age. She was in her one hundred and fourth year. The deceased was born in Germany December 15, 1795, and came to this country over sixty years ago. Mrs. Bootman had six children, fifteen grandchildren, eight great-grandchildren and one great-great-grandchild. She possessed a genial, happy nature, was intelligent and greatly respected by all. She believed in the principle "early to bed and early to rise," and to this practice and regularity of habits she attributed her longevity.

Fifth Anniversary Meeting.

At the regular meeting of Cascade lodge, 226, N. E. O. P., Monday evening the members will celebrate their fifth anniversary as a lodge by having "roll call." Those who are unable to be present will be represented by letter or in some other suitable manner. At the close of the meeting refreshments will be served by the auxiliary. Cascade Ladies' Aid circle. Whist will be played by those who care to indulge.

BOARD OF TRADE MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Board of Trade for the election of officers will be held at their rooms Wednesday evening, March 15, at 7.30. A full attendance of all members is earnestly requested, as matters of importance will be discussed.

Per Order of Committee.

WAR DEPARTMENT WILL ACT.

To Cable General Wood Concerning Second Regiment Party.

Representative Gillett called at the war department in Washington yesterday in reference to the difficulty experienced by the Massachusetts men now at Santiago in getting the bodies of the men of the Second Massachusetts promptly transferred to a vessel and brought home. He laid before the department officials the facts already printed regarding the threatened delay of several weeks in taking up the bodies and getting them started for the United States.

He was told that a cable message would be sent to General Wood advising him to do everything practicable for the accommodation of the delegation from Western Massachusetts. The department officials stated, as on the occasion of Mr. Gillett's previous visit, that they did not feel that they knew enough about the situation at Santiago to issue an absolute order, but that they would be glad to have General Wood do everything in his power to accommodate the friends of the brave men of the Second regiment.

PUNISHMENTS TOO LIGHT.

A Pittsfield View of Crimes Like That of Evans.

From the Pittsfield Eagle:

"The North Adams papers are saying some pretty sharp things in connection with the outrage committed by the man Evans, recently. These comments are timely and to the point. Berkshire county has an unenviable record for crimes of this nature and the general opinion would be, if the record of the punishment meted out to such offenders could be placed before the public, that such cases have not been as severely dealt with as the circumstances justify.

"At one time the statute books of the commonwealth provided the death penalty for such offenders, and indeed, it was a Pittsfield representative in the general court, who at one time dramatically prevented the repeal of the death penalty. Considering the strong feeling which surely must prevail as to the proper punishment for such outrageous crimes, it is remarkable that criminals of this kind are not more severely punished in Berkshire."

Ministers Object to Assessment.

The proposed plan, already reported in this paper, for the entertainment of Methodist ministers in the Troy conference, of assessing each minister in proportion to his salary, has caused a great deal of discussion in some parts of the district, and a general feeling of revolt is manifested by the ministers. The probable outcome will be that when the preachers meet at Burlington they will refuse to pay the amounts assessed and pay their own expenses at the hotels and boarding houses.

As one pastor is said to have expresed it, "I do not object to paying my board, but I do object to going to the north pole to find a boarding house," referring to Burlington as the most northern city in the conference.

As a result of this agitation it is probable that for several years to come the sessions will be held at Saratoga.

Previous to this year the pastors have had free entertainment during the session, with the exception of the meetings held at Saratoga. Last year a commission was appointed to arrange for the coming session and provide a plan for entertaining the preachers with the result already reported.

Steve Brodie's Play.

The only theatrical booking for next week at the Wilson is Steve Brodie with his show called "On the Bowery." It is a melodrama with scenes all the way from the Bowery to the upper riverside of New York and filled with the atmosphere of East side concert halls and "real Bowery talk." It also promises some ultra-dazzling sensational features, with a lot of special scenery, and everything that goes to make up a picturesque melodrama built around a "hero" like Steve Brodie. Seats will go on sale Tuesday at the Wilson house drug store.

Better Not to Inherit Money.

The legislative taxation committee has reported unanimously a bill of Mr. Dean of Wakefield for a tax on legacies and successions as follows: Up to $50,000, 1 per cent; from $50,000 to $10,000 2 per cent; from $100,000 to $500,000, 3 per cent; from $500,000 to $1,000,000, 4 per cent; from $1,000,000 to $5,000,000, 6 per cent; from $5,000,000 to $10,000,000, 8 per cent; over $10,000,000, 10 per cent.

The bill provides that the proceeds of the tax shall be distributed to cities and towns according to population and applied first to the payment of debts and after that to the ordinary purposes.

Brakeman Killed By Fall.

Henry Sullivan, a brakeman on a Boston and Albany main line freight train, fell under the cars at North Adams junction, near Pittsfield, yesterday afternoon and was so seriously injured internally that he died at 5 o'clock at the House of Mercy hospital in Pittsfield, where he was taken. He lived in West Springfield. He had been a brakeman and conductor on the Boston and Albany railroad for about 25 years.

CHESHIRE.

The ladies of the Universalist church are preparing for a social and sale to be held at Mrs. E. B. Bowen's. Tuesday, March 21.

Registrars were in session today at the new town office from 1 p m. to 5 p. m.

Miss Jessie M. Cole left town for a week's visit in Hartford, Ct.

The Ladies' Reading club met with Miss Mabel Blood Friday night. Next meeting will be held at Mrs. Howard Chilson's.

It is to be regretted that Messrs. Cutler and Anderson will close their bakery on Church street and go out of the business.

Mrs. Joseph Lyndall of Boston is visiting among friends in town.

Mrs. Philbert Contois has returned to her home in North Chester.

Rev. G. E. Whitehouse entertained very pleasantly 14 members of his Bible class. Mr. A. Anderson sang several selections and light refreshments were served.

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We will have engraved free of charge any Silverware purchased of us.

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BUTTER In Bricks or Pound.
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Extra choice Young Fowls, 14c lb
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We keep the best Beef and Provision market in the city. We buy from wholesalers who purchrse the best beef and provisions the country affords. We are the only retail marketmen in the city who get meats and provisions in refrigerator car load lots. We are not owned by any wholesalers, and they cannot use our first-class market as a dumping ground for tainted pork loins and other meats that spoil on the way east from Kansas City, Omaha, Chicago or Hammond, Ind.

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